Alteration of Terrain Application & Stormwater Drainage Analysis

Jennesstown Manor

Map 7, Lots 39 Route 103 Warner, New Hampshire

February 20, 2025 REVISED: OCTOBER 2, 2025

KNA Project No. 24-0307-1

Prepared For:

Peacock Hill Road, LLC

145 Old Town Road Weare, NH 03281

Prepared By:

Keach-Nordstrom Associates, Inc. 10 Commerce Park North, Suite 3

Bedford, New Hampshire 03110

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NON-RESIDENTIAL SITE PLAN SET (22" x 34" - COLORLESS)

1.	SIGNED APPLICANT AFFADAVIT
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Date:

Owner Affidavit

I, Gary Fitzgerald, Member of Peacock Hill Road, LLC and owner of the property referenced on Tax Map 7 as Lot 39, located on Route 103 Warner, New Hampshire, hereby verify that I have authorized Keach-Nordstrom Associates, Inc. to submit on my behalf, any and all applicable State and local permit applications as they pertain to improvements on said property.

Additionally, I authorize Keach-Nordstrom Associates, Inc. to aid in the representation of these applications throughout the approval process.

12) 10/22

Signature of Owner:	
Printed Name of Owner:	Gary Fitzgerald, Member
Address of Owner:	145 Old Town Road
	Weare, NH 03281

2. AOT APPLICATION



ALTERATION OF TERRAIN PERMIT APPLICATION

Water Division / Land Resources Management



Check the status of your application

RSA / Rule: RSA 485-A:17, Env-Wq 1500

			File	Number:	
Administrative	Administrative	Administrative		Check No.	
Use Only	Use Only	Use Only	Am	ount:	
			Init	ials:	
1 APPLICANT INFORMATION	(INTENDED PERMIT HOLDER	21			
Applicant Name: Peacock Hill		Contact Name: Gar	ry Fitzgerald		
Email: hotrodda57@hotmail.co	m	Daytime Telephon		2	
Mailing Address: 145 Old Tow	n Road				
Town/City: Weare			State: NH	ZIP Code: 03281	
2. APPLICANT'S AGENT INFO	RMATION If none, check here	e: 🗌			
Agent's Name:		Contact Name:			
Email:		Daytime Telephone:			
Address:			11 ==		
Town/City:			State:	ZIP Code:	
3. PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION attach additional sheets as ne	MATION (IF DIFFERENT FROM ecessary:	1 APPLICANT) Check he	ere if more tha	n one property owner, and	
Owner's Name:		Contact Name:	= 1		
Email:		Daytime Telephone:			
Mailing Address:		•			
Town/City:		n n n	State:	ZIP Code:	
4. PROPERTY OWNER'S AGEN	NT INFORMATION If none, ch	eck here:			
Business Name: Co		Contact Name:	Contact Name:		
Email:		Daytime Telephone:			
Address:					
Town/City:			State:	ZIP Code:	
5. CONSULTANT INFORMATION	ON If none, check here	e: 🗌			
Engineering Firm: Keach-Nordstrom Associates, Inc.		Contact Name: Jason Lopez			
Email: jlopez@keachnordstrom.com		Daytime Telephone: 603-627-2881			
Address: 10 Commerce Park N	Suite 3B		_		
Town/City: Bedford		State: NH	ZIP Code: 03110		

6. PROJECT TYPE				
Excavation Only Residential Commercial	Golf Course School Municipal			
☐ Agricultural ☐ Land Conversion ☐ Othe				
7. PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION				
Project Name: Jennesstown Manor				
Street/Road Address: Route 103				
Town/City: Warner Co	ounty: Merrimack			
Tax Map: 7 Block:	Lot Number: 39 & 39-1 Unit:			
Post-development, will the proposed project withdraw from or d the purpose.	lirectly discharge to any of the following? If yes, identify			
1. Stream or Wetland	Yes Withdrawal Discharge			
Purpose:	■ No			
2. Artificial pond created by impounding a stream or wetland	Yes Withdrawal Discharge			
Purpose:	■ No			
3. Unlined pond dug into the water table	Yes Withdrawal Discharge			
Purpose: Pocket Pond	■ No			
 Within one-quarter mile of a surface water impaired for phosphorus and/or nitrogen? No Yes Within one-quarter mile of a Class A surface water or within the watershed area of an Outstanding Resource Water? No Yes Within one-quarter mile of a lake or pond not covered previously? No Yes Is the project a High Load area? Yes No If yes, specify the type of high load land use or activity: Is the project within a Water Supply Intake Protection Area (WSIPA)? Yes No No Will the well setbacks identified in Env-Wq 1508.02 be met? No No No Will the well setbacks identified in Env-Wq 1508.02 be met? No No No No No No No No No N				
Project is not within ¼ mile of a designated river.				
Project is within a Coastal/Great Bay Region community. Project is not within a Coastal/Great Bay Region community. 8. BRIEF PROJECT DESCRIPTION (PLEASE DO NOT REPLY "SEE ATTACHED") Two four unit buildings each with shared driveway and a parking area to take place on Map 7 Lots 39 & 39-1.				

9. IF APPLICABLE, DESCRIBE ANY WORK STARTED PRIOR TO RECEIVING PERMIT.						
Tree clearing per intent to cut filed with Town.						
10. ADDITIONAL REQUIRED INFORMATION	l					
A. Date a copy of the application was sent requires proof that a completed applica have been sent or delivered to the gove	tion form, checklist, plans a	nd specificat	ions, and all other supporting materials			
(Attach proof of delivery)		WEETING 2-1000				
B. Date a copy of the application was sent 1503.05(c)(6), requires proof that a com supporting materials have been sent or of a designated river): N/A	pleted application form, ch	ecklist, plans	and specifications, and all other			
(Attach proof of delivery)						
C. Type of plan required: Land Convers Steep Slope	ion 🔳 Detailed Developme	ent 🗌 Excava	tion, Grading and Reclamation			
D. Additional plans required: Chloride N	er Drainage and Hydrologio Management	: Soil Groups	Source Control			
E. Total area of disturbance, in square feet	275,000					
F. Additional impervious cover as a result of the project, in square feet (use "-"to indicate a net reduction in impervious coverage). Total final impervious cover, in square feet Total Cover: 37,244 SF Additional Cover: 25,352 SF						
G. Total undisturbed cover, in square feet	1,317,247	pt 2-10-10-11				
H. Number of lots proposed: 2						
I. Total length of roadway, in linear feet: 0						
J. Name(s) of receiving water(s): Warner F	River					
K. Identify all other NHDES permits required for the project. For each, indicate whether an application has been filed and is pending. If the required approval has been issued, provide the permit number, registration date, or approval letter number, as applicable.						
Type of Approval Application Filed? Pending? If Issued						
1. Water Supply Approval	Yes No No		Permit number:			
2. Wetlands Permit	Yes No No N/A		Permit number:			
3. Shoreland Permit	Yes No No		Registration date:			
4. UIC Registration	Yes No No		Approval letter date:			
5. Large/Small Community Well Approval	Yes No No		Permit number:			
6. Large Groundwater Withdrawal Permit	Yes No No		Permit number:			
7. Other:						
L. List all species identified by the Natural Heritage Bureau as threatened or endangered or of concern:						
Wood Turtle						

NHDES-W-01-003

M. Using the NHDES <u>OneStop Data Mapper</u> with the <u>Surface Water Impairment layer</u> turned on, list the impairments identified for each receiving water. If no pollutants are listed, enter "N/A."				
N/A				
N. Did the applicant or applicant's agent have a pre-application meeting with Alteration of Terrain Bureau staff?				
Yes No	If yes, name of staff member:			
O. Will blasting of bedrock be required? Yes No If yes, estimated quantity of blast rock in cubic yards:				
If yes, standard blasting Best Management Practices notes must be placed on the plans.				
NOTE: If greater than 5,000 cubic yards of blast rock will be generated, a groundwater monitoring program must be developed and submitted to NHDES. Contact Alteration of Terrain Bureau staff for additional detail.				

11. CHECK ALL APPLICATION ATTACHMENTS THAT APPLY (SUBMIT WITH APPLICATION IN THE ORDER LISTED BELOW)
LOOSE: Signed application form, with attached proof(s) of delivery. Check for the application fee, calculated using the fee schedule available on the NHDES Land Development page. Color copy of a USGS map with the property boundaries outlined (1" = 2,000' scale). If the applicant is not the property owner, proof that the applicant will have a legal right to undertake the project on the property if a permit is issued to the applicant.
BOUND, IN A REPORT, IN THE FOLLOWING ORDER:
Copy of the signed application form and application checklist.
Copy of the check.
\square Copy of the USGS map with the property boundaries outlined (1" = 2,000' scale).
Narrative of the project with a summary table of the peak discharge rate for the off-site discharge points.
Printout of NHDES OneStop Mapper with "Surface Water Impairments" layer turned on.
Printout of NHDES OneStop Mapper with Alteration of Terrain screening layers turned on.
Printout of Natural Heritage Bureau <u>DataCheck Tool</u> letter and any relevant correspondence with New Hampshire
Fish and Game.
USDA Web Soil Survey Map with project's watershed outlined.
Aerial photograph (1" = 2,000' scale with the site boundaries outlined).
Photographs representative of the site.
Groundwater recharge volume calculations (include one <u>Best Management Practices worksheet</u> per permit
application).
Drainage analysis, stamped by a professional engineer (see "Application Checklist" at the end of this document).
Riprap apron or other energy dissipation or stability calculations. Site Specific Soil Survey report, stamped and with a certification note prepared by the soil scientist that the survey
was done in accordance with the <u>Site Specific Soil Mapping standards</u> of the Society of Soil Scientists of Northern
New England.
Infiltration Feasibility Report (example online) [Env-Wq 1503.08(f)(3)].
Registration and Notification Form for Stormwater Infiltration to Groundwater (UIC Registration-for underground
systems only, including drywells and trenches).
Inspection and maintenance manual with, if applicable, long term maintenance agreements [Env-Wq 1503.08(g)]. Source control plan.
PLANS:
One set of design plans on 34 - 36" by 22 - 24" white paper (see Application Checklist for details).
Pre- and post-development color-coded soil plans on 11" x 17" (see Application Checklist for details).
Pre- and post-construction drainage area plans on 34 - 36" by 22 - 24" white paper (see Application Checklist for
details).
100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN REPORT:
All information required in Env-Wq 1503.09, submitted as a separate report.
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION RE: NUTRIENTS, CLIMATE
See Application Checklist (Attachment A) for details.
REVIEW APPLICATION FOR COMPLETENESS. CONFIRM INFORMATION LISTED ON THE APPLICATION IS INCLUDED WITH SUBMITTAL.

NHDES-W-01-003

12. REQUIRED SIGNATURES By signing below, I certify that: • The information contained in or otherwise submitted with this application is true, complete, and not misleading to the best of my knowledge and belief; • I understand that the submission of false, incomplete, or misleading information constitutes grounds for the department to deny the application, revoke any permit that is granted based on the information, and/or refer the matter to the board of professional engineers established by RSA 310-A:3 if I am a professional engineer; and • I understand that I am subject to the penalties specified in New Hampshire law for falsification in official matters, currently RSA 641:3. **APPLICANT** APPLICANT'S AGENT: Date: 3) 13 25 Signature: Name (print or type): Title: mangice Fitzgerald GARY PROPERTY OWNER ■ PROPERTY OWNER'S AGENT: 3 13 25 Signature: Date: Name (print or type):

Testagerale)

GARY

3. AOT APPLICATION CHECKLIST

ALTERATION OF TERRAIN PERMIT ATTACHMENT A: APPLICATION CHECKLIST

Check each box to indicate the item has been provided, or indicate why it does not apply.

DESIGN PLANS
■ Plans printed on 34 - 36" by 22 - 24" white paper.
Professional Engineer stamp.
Wetland delineation.
■ Temporary erosion control measures.
■ Treatment for all stormwater runoff from impervious surfaces such as roadways (including gravel roadways), parking areas, and nonresidential roof runoff. Guidance on treatment BMPs can be found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the New Hampshire Stormwater Management Manual.
Pre-existing 2-foot contours.
Proposed 2-foot contours.
■ Drainage easements protecting the drainage/treatment structures.
Compliance with state statute governing fill and dredge in wetlands, RSA 482- A. Note that artificial detention in wetlands is prohibited.
Compliance with the New Hampshire Shoreland Protection Act, RSA 483-B. Site not in Shoreland Zone.
Benching – needed if you have more than 20 feet change in elevation on a 2:1 slope, 30 feet change in elevation on a 3:1 slope, 40 feet change in elevation on a 4:1 slope.
Check to see if any proposed ponds require state dam permits. No state dam permits required.
DETAILS
Typical roadway cross-section.
Detention basin with inverts noted on the outlet structure.
■ Stone berm level spreader.
Outlet protection – riprap aprons.
A general installation detail for an erosion control blanket.
■ Silt fences or mulch berm.
Storm drain inlet protection. Note that since hay bales must be embedded 4 inches into the ground, they are not to be used on hard surfaces such as pavement.
Hay bale barriers. No hale bale barriers proposed.
Stone check dams. No stone check dams proposed.
■ Gravel construction exit.
■ Temporary sediment trap.
■ The treatment BMPs proposed.
Any innovative BMPs proposed. No innovative BMPs proposed.

NHDES-W-01-003

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE / EROSION CONTROL

- Note that the project must be managed to meet the requirements and intent of RSA 430:53 and Agr 3800 relative to invasive species.
- Note that perimeter controls shall be installed prior to earth moving operations.
- Note that temporary water diversion (swales, basins, etc.) must be used as necessary until areas are stabilized.
- Note that ponds and swales shall be installed early on in the construction sequence (before rough grading the site).
- Note that all ditches and swales shall be stabilized prior to directing runoff to them.
- Note that all roadways and parking lots shall be stabilized within 72 hours of achieving finished grade.
- Note that all cut and fill slopes shall be seeded or loamed within 72 hours of achieving finished grade
- Note that all erosion controls shall be inspected weekly AND after every half-inch of rainfall.
- Note the limits on the open area allowed, see Env-Wq 1505.02 for detailed information.

Example note: The smallest practical area shall be disturbed during construction, but in no case shall exceed 5 acres at any one time before disturbed areas are stabilized.

Note the definition of the word "stable."

Example note: An area shall be considered stable if one of the following has occurred:

- Base course gravels have been installed in areas to be paved.
- A minimum of 85 percent vegetated growth has been established.
- A minimum of 3 inches of non-erosive material such stone or riprap has been installed.
- Or, erosion control blankets have been properly installed.
- Note the limit of time an area may be exposed.

Example note: All areas shall be stabilized within 45 days of initial disturbance.

- Provide temporary and permanent seeding specifications. Note that although reed canary grass is listed in the Green Book; it is a problematic species according to the Wetlands Bureau and therefore should not be specified.
- Provide winter construction notes that meet or exceed our standards. Standard Winter Notes:
 - All proposed vegetated areas that do not exhibit a minimum of 85 percent vegetative growth by October 15, or which are disturbed after October 15, shall be stabilized by seeding and installing erosion control blankets on slopes greater than 3:1, and seeding and placing 3 to 4 tons of mulch per acre, secured with anchored netting, elsewhere. The installation of erosion control blankets or mulch and netting shall not occur over accumulated snow or on frozen ground and shall be completed in advance of thaw or spring melt events.
 - All ditches or swales which do not exhibit a minimum of 85 percent vegetative growth by October 15, or which are disturbed after October 15, shall be stabilized temporarily with stone or erosion control blankets appropriate for the design flow conditions.
 - After October 15, incomplete road or parking surfaces where work has stopped for the winter season shall be protected with a minimum of 3 inches of crushed gravel per NHDOT item 304.3.
- Note at the end of the construction sequence that "Lot disturbance, other than that shown on the approved plans, shall not commence until after the roadway has the base course to design elevation and the associated drainage is complete and stable." This note is applicable to single/duplex family subdivisions, when lot development is not part of the permit.

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DRAINAGE ANALYSES

Please provide double-side $8 \frac{1}{2}$ " × 11" sheets where possible but, **do not** reduce the text such that more than one page fits on one side.

- Professional Engineer stamp.
- Rainfall amount obtained from the <u>Northeast Regional Climate Center</u>. Include extreme precipitation table as obtained from this source.
- Drainage analyses, in the following order:
 - Pre-development analysis: Drainage diagram.
 - Pre-development analysis: Area Listing and Soil Listing.
 - Pre-development analysis: Node listing 1-year (if applicable), 2-year, 10-year and 50-year.
 - Pre-development analysis: Full summary of the 10-year storm.
 - Post-development analysis: Drainage diagram.
 - Post-development analysis: Area Listing and Soil Listing.
 - Post-development analysis: Node listing for the 2-year, 10-year and 50-year.
 - Post-development analysis: Full summary of the 10-year storm.
 - Review the Area Listing and Soil Listing reports
 - Hydrologic Soil Groups (HSG) match the HSGs on the soil maps provided.
 - There is the same or less HSG A soil area after development (check for each HSG).
 - There is the same or less "woods" cover in the post-development.
 - Undeveloped land was assumed to be in "good" condition.
 - The amount of impervious cover in the analyses is correct.

Note: A good check is to subtract the total impervious area used in the pre-analysis from the total impervious area used in the post-analysis. For residential projects without demolition occurring, a good check is to take this change in impervious area, subtract out the roadway and divide the remaining by the number of houses or units proposed. Do these numbers make sense?

- Check the storage input used to model the ponds.
- Check to see if the artificial berms pass the 50-year storm, i.e., make sure the constructed berms on ponds are not overtopped.
- Check the outlet structure proposed and make sure it matches that modeled.
- Check to see if the total areas in the pre and post analyses are same.
- Confirm the correct NRCS storm type was modeled (Coos, Carroll and Grafton counties are Type II, all others Type III).

PRE- AND POST-CONSTRUCTION DRAINAGE AREA PLANS

- Plans printed on 34 36" by 22 24" on white paper.
- Submit these plans separate from the soil plans.
- A north arrow.
- A scale.
- Labeled subcatchments, reaches and ponds.

NHDES-W-01-003 Tc lines.	
A clear delineation of the subcatchment boundaries.	
Roadway station numbers.	
Culverts and other conveyance structures.	
PRE- AND POST-CONSTRUCTION COLOR-CODED SOIL PLANS	
■ 11" × 17" sheets suitable, as long as it is readable.	
■ Submit these plans separate from the drainage area plans.	
A north arrow.	
A scale.	
■ Name of the soil scientist who performed the survey and date the soil survey took place.	
■ 2-foot contours (5-foot contours if application is for a gravel pit) as well as other surveyed features.	
■ Delineation of the soil boundaries and wetland boundaries.	
■ Delineation of the subcatchment boundaries.	
Soil series symbols (e.g., 26).	
■ A key or legend identifying each soil series symbol and its associated soil series name (for example: 26 = Windsor).	
The hydrologic soil group color coding (A = Green, B = yellow, C= orange, D=red, Water=blue, and Impervious = gra	y).
Please note that excavation projects (including gravel pits) have similar requirements to those above, with the following common exceptions or additions:	
Drainage report is not needed if site does not have off-site flow.	
5-foot contours are allowed rather than 2-foot.	
No Professional Engineer stamp is needed on the plans.	
Add a note to the plans that the applicant must provide NHDES a written update of the project and revised plans documenting the project status every five years from the date of the Alteration of Terrain permit.	
Add reclamation notes.	
A description of the subsurface conditions to the planned depth of excavation, including the elevation of the location of the Seasonal High Water Table (SHWT), as observed and described by a certified soil scientist, or an individual holding a valid permit as a permitted designer as issued by the department's Subsurface Systems Bureau.	эn
For more resources, refer to the Natural Resources Conservation Service's Vegetating New Hampshire Sand and Grave	ı

Irm@des.nh.gov or (603) 271-2147 PO Box 95, Concord, NH 03303-0095 des.nh.gov

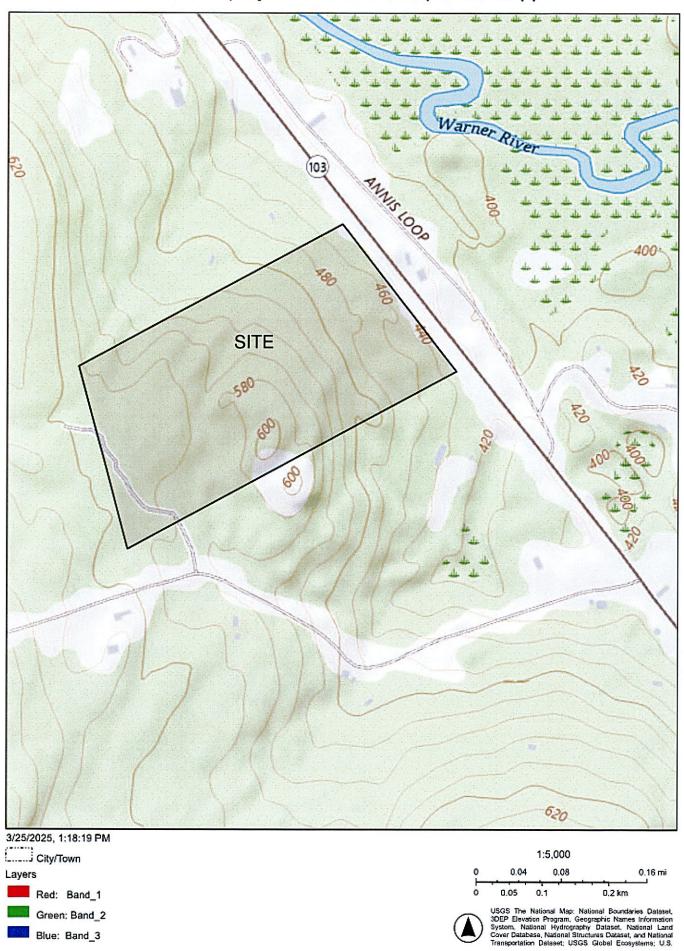
Pits publication.

4	COPVC	TO A TO	APPLICA	ATION	CHECK

5. MUNICIPAL SUBMISSION: WARNER

6. USGS LOCATION MAP

USGS Map by NH DES OneStop Data Mapper



7. PROJECT NARRATIVE

1. INTRODUCTION

A. Project Description

The project proposes the development of Warner Tax Map 7, Lots 39 and 39-1, on the west side of Route 103. The proposal seeks to develop two buildings for multi-family residence. Each building will have four units. The project will include associated parking and utilities.

The buildings will be served by on-site septic systems and wells. Access will be provided by connection to a proposed driveway off of Route 103. The buildings will share access to the driveway. The drainage system will have two pocket ponds and an infiltration basin. After treatment and mitigation of peak runoff, the water flows to the existing catch basins on Route 103 in front of the subject parcel.

B. Existing Site Conditions

The subject lot is 34.60 acres and is currently undeveloped in Warner's Residential 2 (R-2) and Residential 3 (R-3) Zoning Districts; however, the area of proposed work is entirely within the R-2 District. The abutting properties are residential or undeveloped uses. Previously, the subject lot was partially cleared. There are wetland pockets and many ledge outcroppings on site.

According to the Site-Specific Soil Survey soil mapping, the parcel consists of soils as shown below:

SSSM SYM.	SSS MAP NAME	HISS SYM.	HYDROLOGIC SOIL GRP.
55	Hermon Very Stony	121	В
442	Chichester	221	В
58	Waumbek	321	A
829	Waumbek-Hermon Association	321	В
414	Moosilauke Poorly Drained	521	С
399	Ledge Outcrop	228	D

II. STORM DRAINAGE ANALYSIS & DESIGN

A. Methodology

In accordance with the provisions of the Town of Warner, NHDES, and generally accepted engineering practice, the 2-year, 10-year, 25-year and 50-year frequency storms have each been used in the various aspects of analysis and design of stormwater management considerations for the subject residential development project. All proposed stormwater measures have been designed for the 10-year return frequency storms, in accordance with the State regulations and for the 25-year return frequency storms, in accordance with the Town regulations.

KNA utilizes HydroCAD version 10.2 to analyze both pre and post-development watershed characteristics. This computer software system is based largely on hydrology techniques (TR-20) developed by the Soil Conservation Service (now the Natural Resources Conservation Service). In addition, the software derives Time of Concentration values using the methodology contained within USDA-S.C.S. publication Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds Technical Release No. 55 (TR 55).

Rainfall data utilized in the analysis is obtained from the "Extreme Precipitation in a Changing Climate for New York and the New England States", version 1.12, published by the USDA, NRCS and Cornell University's Northeast Regional Climate Center and can be found in Section 9.

All design and analysis calculations performed using the referenced methodologies are attached to this report. The minimum time of concentrations used for the analysis is 6 minutes. These calculations document each catchment area, a breakdown of surface type, time of concentration, rainfall intensity, peak discharge volume, Manning's "n" value, peak velocity, and other descriptive design data for each watershed and pipe segment evaluated. In addition, the "Pre/Post Development Drainage Area Plans" graphically define and illustrate the extent of each watershed or catchment area investigated.

B. Pre-Development Drainage Conditions

In the pre-development scenario, 5 points of analysis (POA) were identified as the appropriate points to compare pre vs. post development rates of stormwater discharge. These points of analysis reflect the main discharge points of the site and were analyzed to show the impact of the proposed improvements.

The pre-development drainage model's POA is further described as follows:

10P Flow to Existing CB

20P Flow to Existing CB

30P Flow to Existing CB

40P Flow to Existing CB

SOL Flow to Abutters Map 7 Lots 36 & 36-1

In general, the site slopes in an easterly direction to the catch basins along Route 103.

For a more visual description of the information presented in this section, please refer to the attached "Pre-Development Drainage Areas Plan" attached in the appendix of this report. The pre-development drainage model recognizes five points of analysis to compare pre vs. post-development peak rates of stormwater discharge.

C. Post-Development Drainage Conditions:

The same POA's that were identified in the pre-development scenario have been analyzed in the post-development scenario.

The proposed stormwater management system utilizes closed and open drainage that incorporates various best management practices for the collection, storage, and treatment of runoff. Stormwater runoff generated from the proposed development will be collected in a series of closed structures (catch basins and drain manholes) and conveyed towards the pocket ponds and the infiltration basin. The proposed ponds discharge through outlet control structures to overland flow prior to entering the closed drainage system in the Route 103 Right-Of-Way. The areas flowing towards each point of analysis are equal to or less than in comparison to the pre-development conditions. The proposal has also been designed to convey runoff in a manner consistent with the pre-development conditions. The drainage system was properly sized to control runoff for the full build-out of the project.

The proposed pocket ponds are designed to intercept groundwater and maintain a permanent pool. The ponds have been designed to mitigate the increased runoff from the proposed parking areas and common driveway.

The proposed infiltration basin is designed to infiltrate the runoff from the proposed development.

The peak stormwater runoff rate for the specific storm frequencies is presented and analyzed in the subsequent summary section of this report (Table 1). For a more visual description of the information presented in this section, please refer to the attached "Post-Development Drainage Areas Plan" attached in the appendix of this report.

D. Summary:

Through the use of the stormwater management techniques described above, we were able to implement the proposed development goals while maintaining appropriate peak rates of runoff, providing volume control, and providing treatment of stormwater generated from the proposed development. As shown in the Tables below, through the use of the aforementioned stormwater management techniques, the peak rates of stormwater discharge and volume to the point of analysis was controlled within an acceptable limit.

Table 1: Peak Flow Discharge Rate

Site Pre-Development vs. Post-Development (cfs)								
Description	2-Year		10-Year		25-Year (not in printout)		50-Year	
24-hr Rainfall	2.78 in/hr		4.04 in/hr		5.01 in/hr		5.89 in/hr	
	Pre	Post	Pre	Post	Pre	Post	Pre	Post
10P (Lot 3-1)	0.85	0.84	1.93	1.93	3.00	2.99	4.07	4.05
20P (Lot7-38)	2.01	1.84	4.94	4.22	8.10	8.09	11.29	11.11
30P (Lot7-38)	0.63	0.49	1.36	0.87	2.08	1.19	2.80	1.48
40P (Lot7-38)	1.06	0.70	2.46	2.14	4.08	3.84	5.77	5.65
50L (Lots 7-36 & 7-36-1)	0.04	0.04	0.13	0.13	0.25	0.25	0.39	0.39

Table 2: Channel Protection Requirements

Site Pre-Development vs. Post-Development Flow Volume (af)					
Description	2-Year		Comments		
24- hr Rainfall	2.78 in/hr				
	Pre	Post			
10P	0.104	0.103	NHDES 1507.05,(b),(1), a		
20P	0.255	0.261	NHDES 1507.05,(b),(1), a		
30P	0.083	0.053	NHDES 1507.05,(b),(1), a		
40P	0.150	0.167	NHDES 1507.05,(b),(1), a		
50L	0.006	0.006	NHDES 1507.05,(b),(1), a		

III. EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PROVISIONS

A. Temporary Erosion Control Measures

As an integral part of the engineering design of this site, an erosion and sedimentation control plan has been developed with the intent of limiting the potential for soil loss and associated receiving water quality degradation, both during and after the construction period. As the project plans indicate, traditional temporary erosion and sedimentation control devices and practices, such as siltation fencing, block and gravel sediment filters, and seeding have been specified for use during the construction period. In preparation of these provisions, reference was made to the New Hampshire Stormwater Manual; Volume 3: Erosion and Sediment Temporary Controls During Construction. Construction details for each temporary erosion control measure and practice specified have been added to the project plans. These plans also contain a number of erosion control notes, which are offered to the selected contractor in order to supplement the specified measures and practices to the extent practical.

B. Construction Sequence

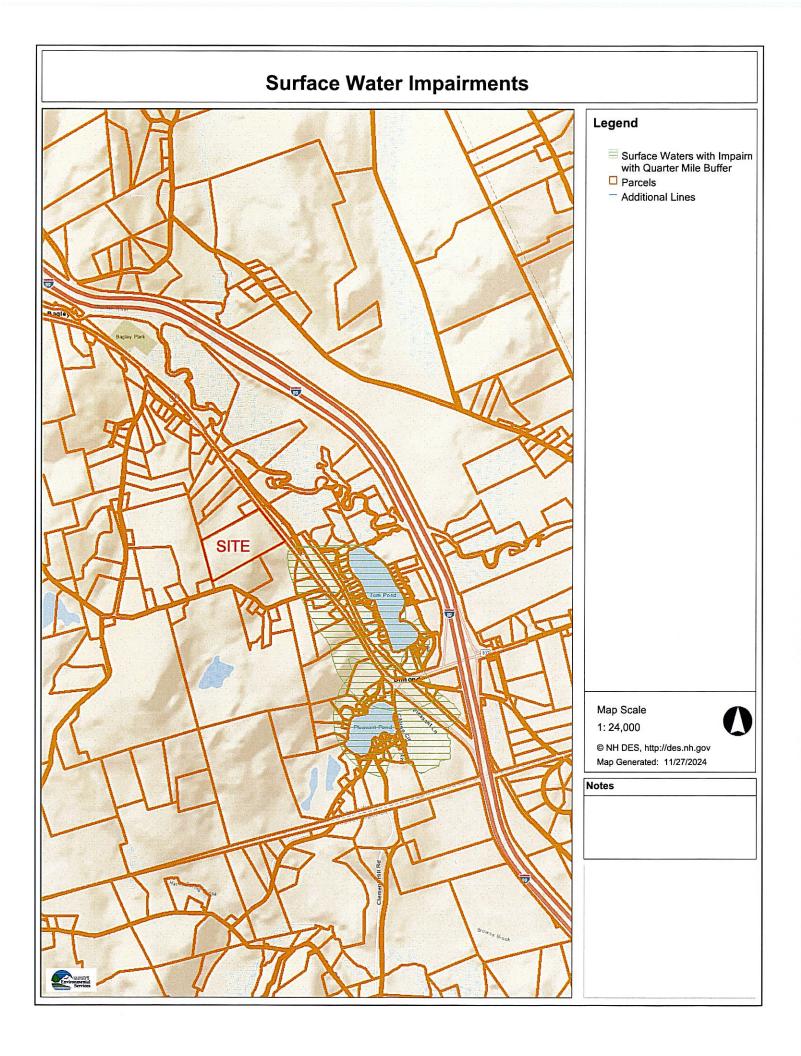
A site-specific construction sequence sensitive to limiting soil loss due to erosion and associated water quality degradation was prepared specifically for this project and is shown on the project plans. As pointed out in the erosion control notes, it is important for the contractor to recognize that proper judgment in the implementation of work will be essential if erosion is to be limited and protection of completed work is to be realized. Moreover, any specific changes in sequence and/or field conditions affecting the ability of specific erosion control measures to adequately serve their intended purpose should be reported to this office by the contractor. Furthermore, the contractor is encouraged to supplement specified erosion control measures during the construction period where and when in his/ her best judgment, additional protection is warranted.

C. Permanent Erosion Control Measures

In the design of this site, consideration was given to limiting the potential for long-term erosion of completed improvements. As a result, several permanent erosion control measures were incorporated into the site design. These provisions include:

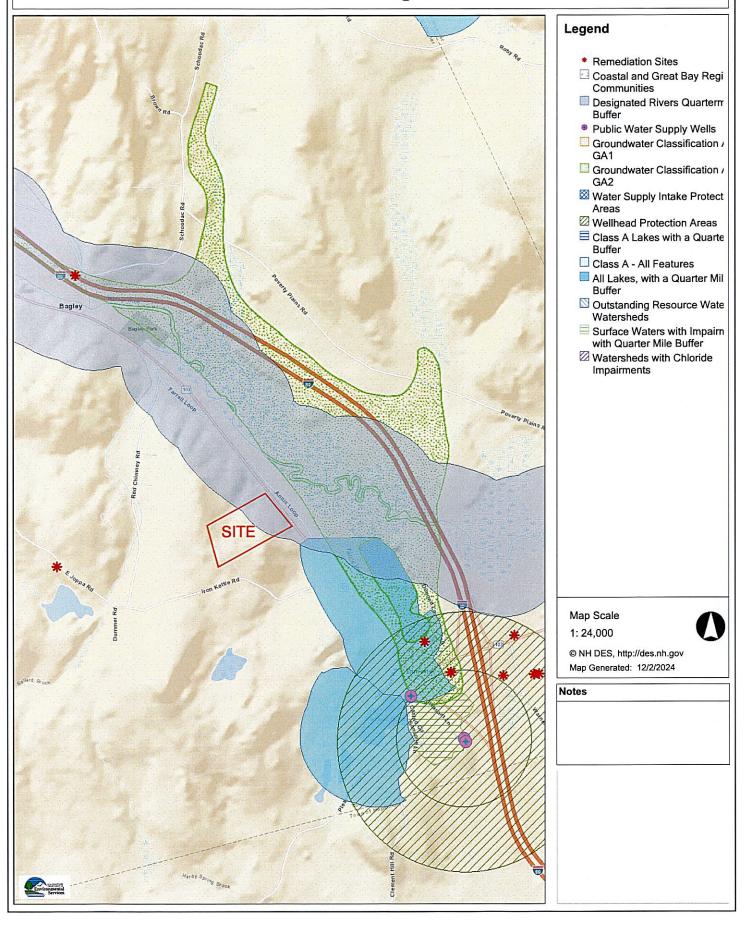
- Specification of a turf establishment schedule and seed mixture, utilizing materials and workmanship recognized as appropriate for the site conditions at hand;
- 2) The design has provided catch basins to capture runoff and reduce the overland flow, thereby reducing erosion.

8.	SURFACE	WATER	IMPAIRMENTS

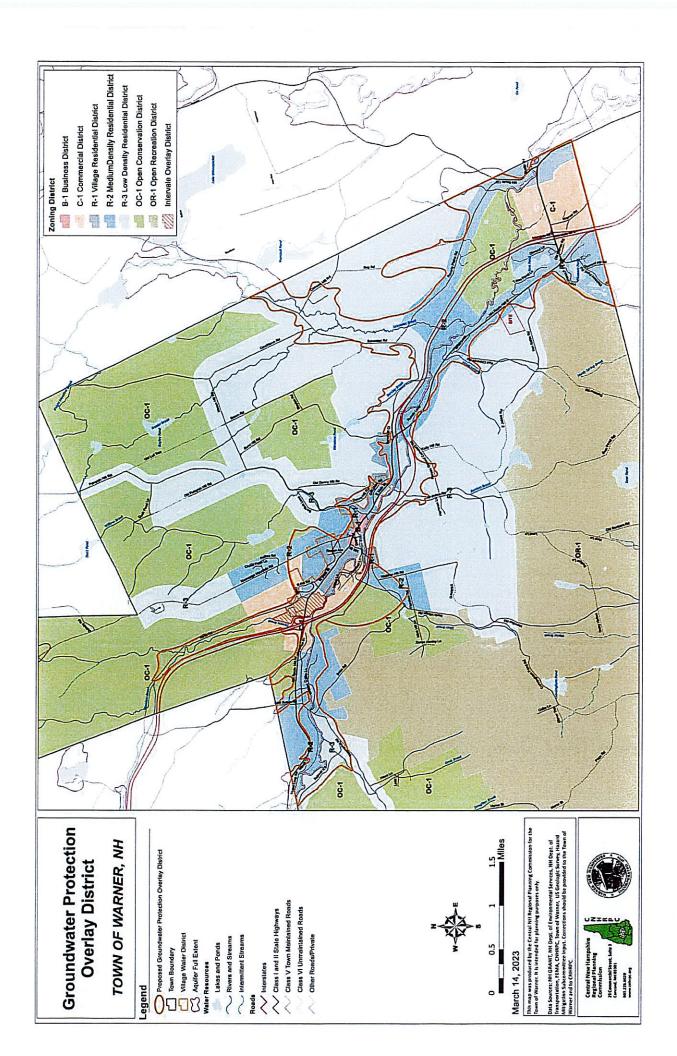


9. WEB GIS FIGURES

Web GIS Figure



10. WARNER GROUNDWATER PROTECTION OVERLAY DISTRICT



11.	NEW HAMPSHIRE NATURA	A HERITAFI	E INVENTORY	DATABASE
CH	ECK			



NHB DataCheck Results Letter

NH Natural Heritage Bureau

Please note: maps and NHB record pages are confidential and shall be redacted from public documents.

To:

Jason Lopez, Keach-Nordstrom Associates, Inc.

10 Commerce Park North Suite 3B

Bedford, NH 03110

jlopez@keachnordstrom.com

From:

NHB Review

NH Natural Heritage Bureau

Main Contact: Ashley Litwinenko - nhbreview@dncr.nh.gov

cc:

NHFG Review

Date:

06/13/2024 (valid until 06/13/2025)

Re:

DataCheck Review by NH Natural Heritage Bureau and NH Fish & Game

Permits:

MUNICIPAL POR - Warner, NHDES - Alteration of Terrain Permit, USEPA - Stormwater Pollution Prevention

NHB ID:

NHB24-0767

Town:

Warner

Location:

NH Route 103

Project Description: Four lot subdivision with each lot containing a 4 unit building. All lots served by a common

driveway.

Next Steps for Applicant:

NHB's database has been searched for records of rare species and exemplary natural communities. Please carefully read the comments and consultation requirements below.

NHB Comments:

No comments at this time.

NHFG Comments:

Please refer to NHFG consultation requirements below.

NHB Consultation

If this NHB DataCheck letter includes records of rare plants and/or natural communities/systems, please contact NHB and provide any requested supplementary materials by emailing nhbreview@dncr.nh.gov.

If this NHB DataCheck letter DOES NOT include any records of rare plants and/or natural communities/systems, no further consultation with NHB is required.

NH Fish and Game Department Consultation

If this NHB DataCheck letter DOES NOT include ANY wildlife species records, then, based on the information submitted, no further consultation with the NH Fish and Game Department pursuant to Fis 1004 is required.



NHB DataCheck Results Letter

NH Natural Heritage Bureau

Please note: maps and NHB record pages are confidential and shall be redacted from public documents.

If this NHB DataCheck letter includes a record for a threatened (T) or endangered (E) wildlife species, consultation with the New Hampshire Fish and Game Department under Fis 1004 may be required. To review the Fis 1000 rules (effective February 3, 2022), please go to https://www.wildlife.nh.gov/wildlife-and-habitat/nongame-and-endangered-species/environmental-review. All requests for consultation and submittals should be sent via email to NHFGreview@wildlife.nh.gov or can be sent by mail, and must include the NHB DataCheck results letter number and "Fis 1004 consultation request" in the subject line.

If the NHB DataCheck response letter does not include a threatened or endangered wildlife species but includes other wildlife species (e.g., Species of Special Concern), consultation under Fis 1004 is not required; however, some species are protected under other state laws or rules, so coordination with NH Fish & Game is highly recommended or may be required for certain permits. While some permitting processes are exempt from required consultation under Fis 1004 (e.g., statutory permit by notification, permit by rule, permit by notification, routine roadway registration, docking structure registration, or conditional authorization by rule), coordination with NH Fish & Game may still be required under the rules governing those specific permitting processes, and it is recommended you contact the applicable permitting agency. For projects not requiring consultation under Fis 1004, but where additional coordination with NH Fish and Game is requested, please email NHFGreview@wildlife.nh.gov, and include the NHB DataCheck results letter number and "review request" in the email subject line.

Contact NH Fish & Game at (603) 271-0467 with questions.



NH Natural Heritage Bureau

Please note: maps and NHB record pages are confidential and shall be redacted from public documents.

NHB Database Records:

The following record(s) have been documented in the vicinity of the proposed project. Please see the map and detailed information about the record(s) on the following pages.

Vertebrate species	State ¹	Federal	Notes
Wood Turtle (Glyptemys	SC		Contact the NH Fish & Game Dept (see below).
insculpta)			

¹Codes: "E" = Endangered, "T" = Threatened, "SC" = Special Concern, "--" = an exemplary natural community, or a rare species tracked by NH Natural Heritage that has not yet been added to the official state list.

An asterisk (*) indicates that the most recent report for that occurrence was 20 or more years ago.

For all animal reviews, refer to 'IMPORTANT: NHFG Consultation' section above.

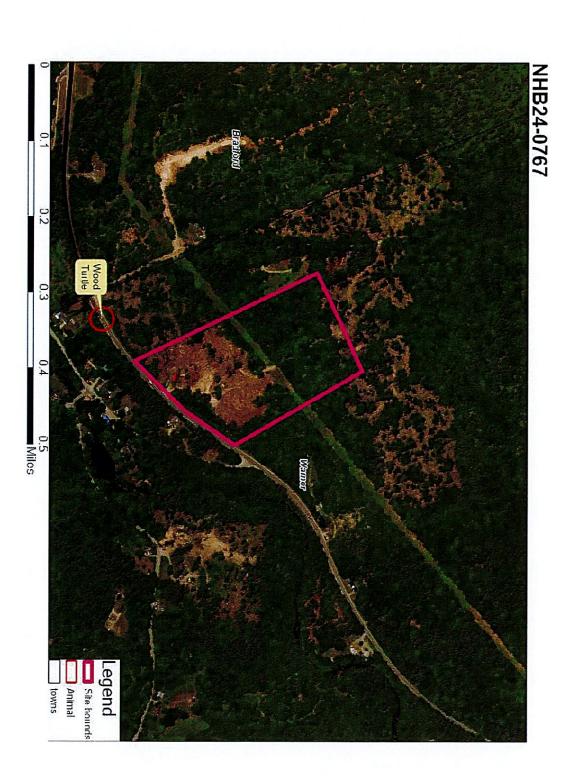
<u>Disclaimer</u>: NHB's database can only tell you of <u>known</u> occurrences that have been reported to NHFG/NHB. Known occurrences are based on information gathered by qualified biologists or members of the public, reported to our offices, and verified by NHB/NHFG.

However, many areas have never been surveyed, or have only been surveyed for certain species. NHB recommends surveys to determine what species/natural communities are present onsite.



NH Natural Heritage Bureau

Please note: maps and NHB record pages are confidential and shall be redacted from public documents.



NH Natural Heritage Bureau

Please note: maps and NHB record pages are confidential and shall be redacted from public documents.

NHB24-0767

EOCODE:

ARAAD02020*161*NH

New Hampshire Natural Heritage Bureau - Animal Record

Wood Turtle (Glyptemys insculpta)

Legal Status Conservation Status

Federal: Not listed Global: Imperiled due to rarity or vulnerability

State: Special Concern State: Rare or uncommon

Description at this Location

Conservation Rank: Fair quality, condition and/or landscape context ('C' on a scale of A-D).

Comments on Rank: --

Detailed Description: 2022: Area 15062: 1 adult observed, sex unknown. 2011: Area 12918: 1 adult observed,

dead on road. 2007: Area 12247: 1 observed. 2005: Area 12133: 1 observed.

General Area:

2022: Area 15062: Fallow field with clover, cinquefoil, dandelion, and other grasses and forbs. 2011: Area 12918: Roadside. 2007: Area 12247: This area contains a relatively large, open floodplain forest of white pine, maple, American hophornbeam, and various grasses and other herbaceous plants. 2005: Area 12133: Residential yard.

General Comments: ---Management ---

Comments:

Location

Survey Site Name: West Branch of Hoyt River Managed By: Bradford Pines Natural Area

County: Merrimack Town(s): Bradford Size: 40.9 acres

e: 40.9 acres Elevation:

Precision: Within (but not necessarily restricted to) the area indicated on the map.

Directions: 2022: Area 15062: Field next to Hoyt Brook on east side of Center Road in Bradford, just south

of NH Route 103 and Warner River. 2011: Area 12918: On Warner Road (Rte. 103) near Bradford town line. 2007: Area 12247: In the West Branch Warner River, about 500 feet downstream from the large white pines of the Bradford Natural Pines area. 2005: Area 12133:

56 Fairgrounds Road, Bradford.

Dates documented

First reported: 2005-06-11 Last reported: 2022-05-21

NH Natural Heritage Bureau

Please note: maps and NHB record pages are confidential and shall be redacted from public documents.

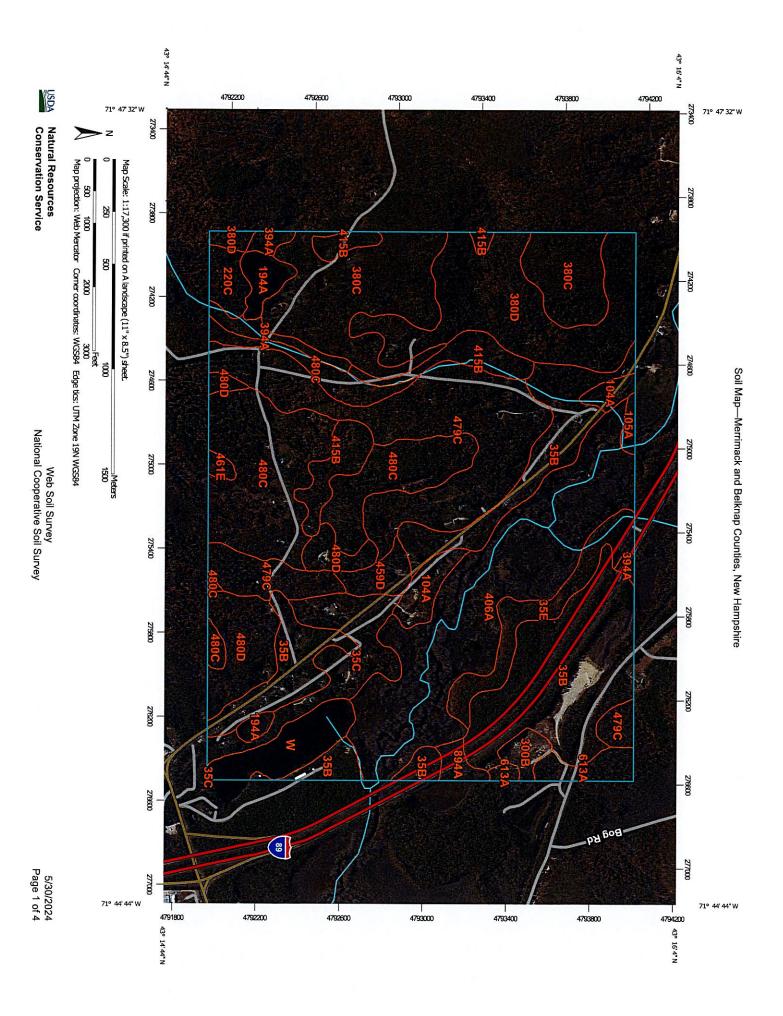
NHB24-0767

EOCODE:

ARAAD02020*161*NH

The New Hampshire Fish & Game Department has jurisdiction over rare wildlife in New Hampshire. Please contact them at 11 Hazen Drive, Concord, NH 03301 or at (603) 271-2461.

12. WEB SOIL SURVEY



MAP LEGEND

Perennial Water	Miscellaneous Water	Mine or Quarry	Marsh or swamp	A Lava Flow	Candfill	Gravelly Spot	⊰ Gravel Pit		Clay Spot		Borrow Pit	Blowout	Special Point Features	Soil Map Unit Points		Soil Map Unit Lines	Soil Map Unit Polygons	Soils	Area of Interest (AOI)	Area of Interest (AOI)
			Aerial Photography	Background	Local Roads	Major Roads	US Routes	Interstate	# Rails	Transportation	Streams	Water Features		Special	○ Other	Wet Spot			Stony Spot	Spoil Area
			otography		ads	ads	Š	Interstate Highways			Streams and Canals		iio i caraico	Special Line Features			ly apor	200	ot	œ.

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator accurate calculations of distance or area are required. distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts

of the version date(s) listed below. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as

Soil Survey Area: Merrimack and Belknap Counties, New Hampshire

Survey Area Data: Version 29, Aug 22, 2023

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Oct 6, 2022—Oct 22, 2022

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident. imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor

... Ŷ

> Sandy Spot Saline Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

+

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Sinkhole

쌍

Sodic Spot Slide or Slip «

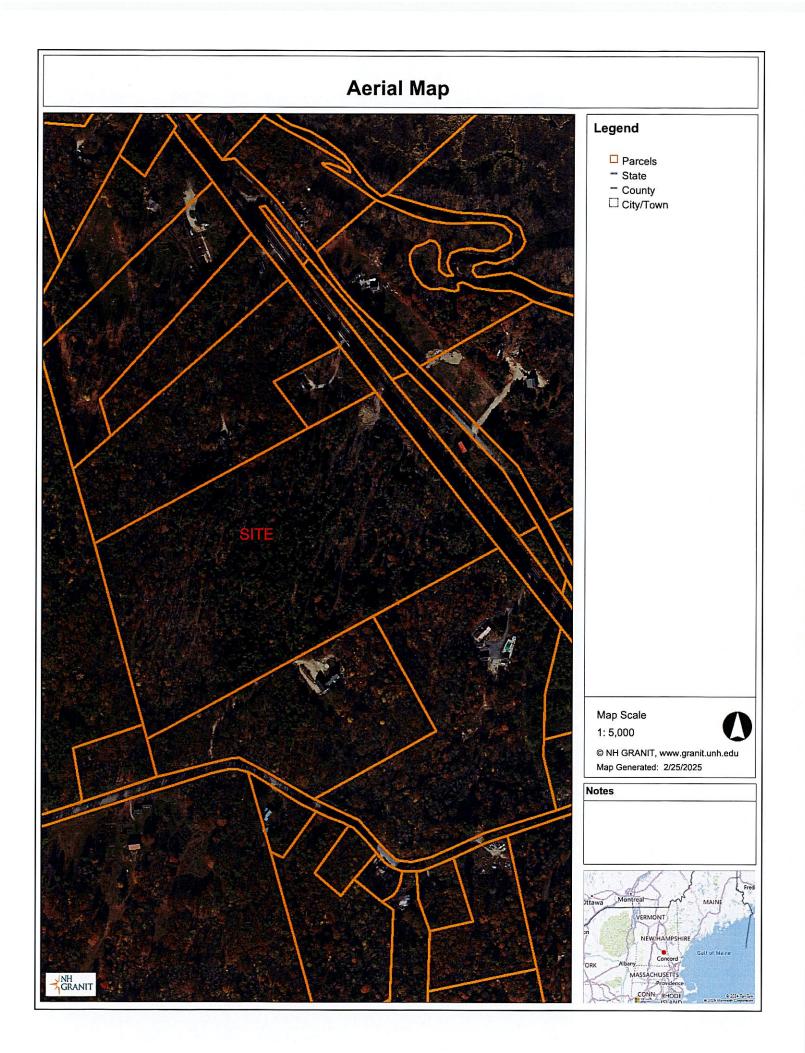
Rock Outcrop

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
35B	Champlain loamy fine sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	224.3	16.9%
35C	Champlain loamy fine sand, 8 to 15 percent slopes	50.2	3.8%
35E	Champlain loamy fine sand, 15 to 60 percent slopes	36.2	2.7%
104A	Podunk fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	21.1	1.6%
105A	Rumney fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	3.7	0.3%
194A	Catden mucky peat, 0 to 1 percent slopes, ponded	16.2	1.2%
220C	Boscawen fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	13.0	1.0%
300B	Udipsamments, 0 to 6 percent slopes	9.0	0.7%
380C	Tunbridge-Lyman-Becket complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	132.3	10.0%
380D	Tunbridge-Lyman-Becket complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes, very storry	116.7	8.8%
394A	Chocorua mucky peat, 0 to 1 percent slopes	16.8	1.3%
406A	Medomak mucky silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded	183.8	13.9%
415B	Moosilauke fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	48.2	3.6%
459D	Metacomet fine sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes, very stony	13.4	1.0%
461E	Woodstock-Millsite-Rock outcrop complex, 35 to 60 percent slopes	3.2	0.2%
479C	Gilmanton fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	172.7	13.0%
480C	Millsite-Woodstock-Henniker complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	158.9	12.0%
480D	Millsite-Woodstock-Henniker complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes, very stony	50.9	3.8%

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
613A	Croghan loamy fine sand, 0 to 8 percent slopes, wooded	16.9	1.3%
894A	Meadowsedge peat, 0 to 1 percent slopes	7.3	0.5%
w	Water	31.0	2.3%
Totals for Area of Interest		1,325.7	100.0%

13. AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH



14. SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

Photo No. 1: Looking west on Map 7 Lot 39 (taken: 2/3/25)

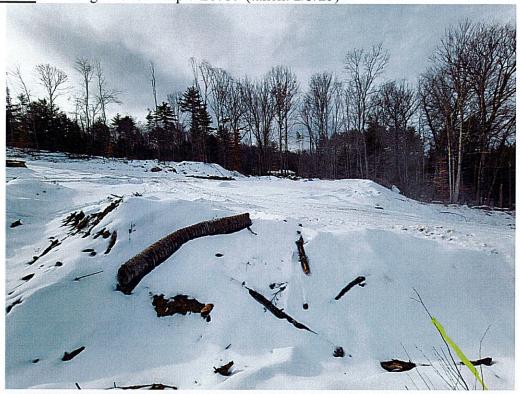


Photo No. 2: Looking east on Map 7 Lot 39 (taken: 2/3/25)



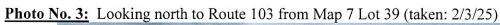




Photo No. 4: Looking south on Map 7 Lot 39 (taken: 2/3/25)



Civil Engineering

Land Surveying

Landscape Architecture

15. GRV CALCULATIONS



GROUNDWATER RECHARGE VOLULME (GRV) CALCULATION (Env-Wq 1507.04)

0.44	ac	Area of HSG A soil that was replaced by impervious cover	0.40"
0.42	ac	Area of HSG B soil that was replaced by impervious cover	0.25"
	ac	Area of HSG C soil that was replaced by impervious cover	0.10"
	ac	Area of HSG D soil or impervious cover that was replaced by impervious cover	0.0"
0.33	inches	Rd = Weighted groundwater recharge depth	
0.281	ac-in	GRV = AI * Rd	
1,020	cf	GRV conversion (ac-in x 43,560 sf/ac x 1ft/12")	

Provide calculations below showing that the project meets the groundwater recharge requirements (Env-Wq 1507.04):

16. BMP WORKSHEETS

17. EXTREME PRECIPITATION TABLES



INFILTRATION PRACTICE CRITERIA (Env-Wq 1508.06)

Type/Node Name: Infiltration Practice 21P

Enter the type of infiltration practice (e.g., basin, trench) and the node name in the drainage analysis, if applicable.

		-
Yes	Have you reviewed Env-Wq 1508.06(a) to ensure that infiltration is allowed?	← yes
2.46 ac	A = Area draining to the practice	
0.64 ac	A _I = Impervious area draining to the practice	
0.26 decimal	I = Percent impervious area draining to the practice, in decimal form	
0.28 unitless	Rv = Runoff coefficient = 0.05 + (0.9 x I)	
0.70 ac-in	WQV= 1" x Rv x A	
2,537 cf	WQV conversion (ac-in x 43,560 sf/ac x 1ft/12")	
634 cf	25% x WQV (check calc for sediment forebay volume)	
NA	Method of pretreatment? (not required for clean or roof runoff)	
- cf	V _{SED} = Sediment forebay volume, if used for pretreatment	≥ 25%WQV
3,200 cf	V = Volume ¹ (attach a stage-storage table)	≥ WQV
238 sf	A _{SA} = Surface area of the bottom of the pond	
3.00 iph	Ksat _{DESIGN} = Design infiltration rate ²	
42.6 hours	$I_{DRAIN} = Drain time = V / (A_{SA} + I_{DESIGN})$	< 72-hrs
466.00 feet	E_{BTM} = Elevation of the bottom of the basin	
464.22 feet	E_{SHWT} = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test	oit)
456.89 feet	E_{ROCK} = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the tes	t pit)
1.78 feet	D _{SHWT} = Separation from SHWT	≥ * ³
9.1 feet	D _{ROCK} = Separation from bedrock	_ ≥ * ³
ft	D _{amend} = Depth of amended soil, if applicable due high infiltation rate	_ > 24"
ft	D_T = Depth of trench, if trench proposed	4 - 10 ft
Yes/No	If a trench or underground system is proposed, has observation well been provide	
	If a trench is proposed, does materialmeet Env-Wq 1508.06(k)(2) requirements.	20 1580
Yes Yes/No	If a basin is proposed, Is the perimeter curvilinear, and basin floor flat?	← yes
3.0 :1	If a basin is proposed, pond side slopes.	<u>></u> 3:1
469.75 ft	Peak elevation of the 10-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)	
469.82 ft	Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)	
470.00 ft	Elevation of the top of the practice (if a basin, this is the elevation of the berm)	
YES	10 peak elevation ≤ Elevation of the top of the trench? ⁵	← yes
YES	If a basin is proposed, 50-year peak elevation ≤ Elevation of berm?	← yes
1 . Values a la alace tha		

- 1. Volume below the lowest invert of the outlet structure and excludes forebay volume
- 2. Ksat_{DESIGN} includes a factor of safety. See Env-Wq 1504.14 for requirements for determining the infiltr. rate
- 3. 1' separation if treatment not required; 4' for treatment in GPAs & WSIPAs; & 3' in all other areas.
- 4. Clean, washed well graded diameter of 1.5 to 3 inches above the in-situ soil.
- 5. If 50-year peak elevation exceeds top of trench, the overflow must be routed in HydroCAD as secondary discharge.

Designer's Notes:			

Prepared by Keach-Nordstrom Associates, Inc HydroCAD® 10.20-6a s/n 01045 © 2024 HydroCAD Soft

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Summary for Pond 21P: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area = 2.456 ac, 26.10% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.68" for 10 yr event

Inflow = 1.43 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Volume= 0.344 af

Outflow = 1.36 cfs @ 12.51 hrs, Volume= 0.283 af, Atten= 5%, Lag= 12.8 min

Discarded = 0.13 cfs @ 12.51 hrs, Volume= 0.140 af Primary = 1.23 cfs @ 12.51 hrs, Volume= 0.142 af

Routed to Reach 20R: Overland Flow to 20P

Secondary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af

Routed to Reach 20R: Overland Flow to 20P

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs / 3

Peak Elev= 469.75' @ 12.51 hrs Surf.Area= 1,822 sf Storage= 3,378 cf

Flood Elev= 470.00' Surf.Area= 1,983 sf Storage= 3,854 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 140.7 min calculated for 0.283 af (82% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 62.0 min (898.4 - 836.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.S	torage	Storage Descriptio	n	
#1	466.00'	3,	854 cf	Custom Stage Da	ta (Irregular)Listed	below (Recalc)
Elevation (fee		rf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
466.0		238	61.0	0	0	238
468.0		887	160.0	1,056	1,056	1,993
470.0)0	1,983	201.0	2,797	3,854	3,225
Device	Routing	Inver	t Outle	et Devices		
#1	Discarded	466.00	3.00	0 in/hr Exfiltration	over Surface area	
#2	Primary	465.00)' 18.0 '	" Round Culvert		
			Inlet	5.0' RCP, square e / Outlet Invert= 465 .013 Corrugated PE	.00' / 464.75' S= 0	.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900
#3	Device 2	469.65		x 2.0" Horiz. Grate		10W F4C4- 1.77 31
				rows C= 0.600 in 30		31% open area)
				ted to weir flow at lov		•
#4	Secondary	469.75		long x 6.0' breadth		
						0 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
				3.00 3.50 4.00 4.		267 265 265 265
				. (English) 2.37 2.5 2.66 2.66 2.67 2.		2.67 2.65 2.65 2.65
			2.00	2.00 2.00 2.01 2.	UB Z.IZ Z.IU Z.OS	

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.13 cfs @ 12.51 hrs HW=469.75' (Free Discharge)
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.13 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=1.23 cfs @ 12.51 hrs HW=469.75' TW=453.59' (Dynamic Tailwater)

2=Culvert (Passes 1.23 cfs of 17.02 cfs potential flow)

1-3=Grate (Weir Controls 1.23 cfs @ 1.03 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=466.00' TW=453.50' (Dynamic Tailwater)

4-Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Stage-Area-Storage for Pond 21P: Infiltration Basin

		90 1 0 0	9	,	
Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)	Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)
466.00	238	0	468.60	1,170	1,671
466.05	249	12	468.65	1,195	1,731
466.10	261	25	468.70	1,221	1,791
466.15	272	38	468.75	1,247	1,853
466.20	284	52	468.80	1,273	1,916
466.25	297	67	468.85	1,300	1,980
466.30	309	82	468.90	1,326	2,046
466.35	322	98	468.95	1,353	2,113
466.40	335	114	469.00	1,381	2,181
466.45	348	131	469.05	1,408	2,251
466.50	362	149	469.10	1,436	2,322
466.55	375	167	469.15	1,464	2,394
466.60	389	186	469.20	1,492	2,468
466.65	404	206	469.25	1,521	2,544
466.70	418	227	469.30	1,550	2,620
466.75	433	248	469.35	1,579	2,699
466.80	448	270	469.40	1,609	2,778
466.85	463	293	469.45	1,638	2,859
466.90	479	316	469.50	1,668	2,942
466.95	495	341	469.55	1,698	3,026
467.00	511	366	469.60	1,729	3,112
467.05	527	392	469.65	1,760	3,199
467.10	544	419	469.70	1,791	3,288
467.15	561	446	469.75	1,822	3,378
467.20	578	475	469.80	1,854	3,470
467.25	595	504	469.85	1,886	3,564
467.30	613	534	469.90	1,918	3,659
467.35	631	565	469.95	1,950	3,755
467.40	649	597	470.00	1,983	3,854
467.45	667	630			
467.50	686	664			
467.55	705	699 705			
467.60 467.65	724	735			
467.65 467.70	744 763	771			
467.70 467.75	763 783	809 848			
467.80	804	887			
467.85	824	928			
467.90	845	970			
467.95	866	1,012			
468.00	887	1,056			
468.05	909	1,101			
468.10	931	1,147			
468.15	954	1,194			
468.20	977	1,243			
468.25	1,000	1,292			
468.30	1,024	1,343			
468.35	1,047	1,394			
468.40	1,071	1,447			
468.45	1,096	1,502		•	
468.50	1,120	1,557			
468.55	1,145	1,614			
		i			

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Summary for Pond 21P: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area = 2.456 ac, 26.10% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 2.90" for 50 yr event Inflow 3.07 cfs @ 12.38 hrs, Volume= 0.594 af Outflow 3.06 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume= 0.522 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 1.2 min Discarded = 0.13 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume= 0.155 af Primary = 2.76 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume= 0.360 af Routed to Reach 20R: Overland Flow to 20P 0.18 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume= Secondary = 0.008 af Routed to Reach 20R: Overland Flow to 20P

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 469.82' @ 12.40 hrs Surf.Area= 1,867 sf Storage= 3,508 cf Flood Elev= 470.00' Surf.Area= 1,983 sf Storage= 3,854 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 88.4 min calculated for 0.522 af (88% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 32.6 min (857.0 - 824.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.St	orage	Storage Description	n	
#1	466.00'	3,	354 cf	Custom Stage Da	ta (Irregular) Listed	below (Recalc)
Elevation (fee		rf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
466.0		238	61.0	Ó	Ó	238
468.0 470.0		887 1,983	160.0 201.0	1,056 2,797	1,056 3,854	1,993 3,225
Device	Routing	Inver	Outi	et Devices		
#1	Discarded	466.00	3.00	0 in/hr Exfiltration	over Surface area	
#2	Primary	465.00	18.0	" Round Culvert		
			Inlet	5.0' RCP, square e / Outlet Invert= 465013 Corrugated PE	.00' / 464.75' S= 0	.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900
#3	Device 2	469.65		x 2.0" Horiz. Grate		
				rows C= 0.600 in 36 ted to weir flow at lov		31% open area)
#4	Secondary	469.75	Head 2.50 Coef	3.00 3.50 4.00 4.	0.60 0.80 1.00 1.2 50 5.00 5.50 51 2.70 2.68 2.68	20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.67 2.65 2.65 2.65

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.13 cfs @ 12.40 hrs HW=469.82' (Free Discharge)
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.13 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=2.75 cfs @ 12.40 hrs HW=469.82' TW=453.63' (Dynamic Tailwater)

2=Culvert (Passes 2.75 cfs of 17.17 cfs potential flow)

3=Grate (Weir Controls 2.75 cfs @ 1.35 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.18 cfs @ 12.40 hrs HW=469.82' TW=453.63' (Dynamic Tailwater) —4=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.18 cfs @ 0.63 fps)

468.55

1,145

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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond 21P: Infiltration Basin

			_		
Elevation	Surface	Storage	Elevation	Surface	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
466.00	238	0	468.60	1,170	1,671
466.05	249	12	468.65	1,195	1,731
466.10	261	25	468.70	1,221	1,791
466.15	272	38	468.75	1,247	1,853
466.20	284	52 67	468.80	1,273	1,916
466.25	297	67	468.85	1,300	1,980
466.30	309	82	468.90	1,326	2,046
466.35	322	98	468.95	1,353	2,113
466.40 466.45	. 335 348	114	469.00	1,381	2,181
466.50	362	131 149	469.05 469.10	1,408	2,251
466.55	375	167	469.15	1,436 1,464	2,322
466.60	389	186	469.15	1,404 1,492	2,394 2,468
466.65	404	206	469.25	1,492	2,406 2,544
466.70	418	200 227	469.30	1,550	2,544 2,620
466.75	433	248	469.35	1,530 1,579	2,620
466.80	448	270	469.40	1,609	2,778
466.85	463	293	469.45	1,638	2,859
466.90	479	316	469.50	1,668	2,942
466.95	495	341	469.55	1,698	3,026
467.00	511	366	469.60	1,729	3,112
467.05	527	392	469.65	1,760	3,199
467.10	544	419	469.70	1,791	3,288
467.15	561	446	469.75	1,822	3,378
467.20	578	475	469.80	1,854	3,470
467.25	595	504	469.85	1,886	3,564
467.30	613	534	469.90	1,918	3,659
467.35	631	565	469.95	1,950	3,755
467.40	649	597	470.00	1,983	3,854
467.45	667	630		•	•
467.50	686	664			
467.55	705	699			
467.60	724	735			
467.65	744	771			
467.70	763	809			
467.75	783	848			
467.80	804	887			
467.85	824	928			
467.90	845	970			
467.95	866	1,012			
468.00	887	1,056			
468.05	909	1,101			
468.10	931	1,147			
468.15	954 977	1,194			
468.20 468.25	977	1,243			
468.25	1,000	1,292			
468.30	1,024	1,343			
468.35	1,047	1,394			
468.40 468.45	1,071	1,447			
468.45	1,096	1,502			
468.50	1,120	1,557			

1,614



STORMWATER POND DESIGN CRITERIA Env-Wq 1508.03

Type/Node Name: Pocket Pond 22P

Enter the type of stormwater pond (e.g., Wet Pond) and the node name in the drainage analysis, if applicable.

2.46 ac	A = Area draining to the practice						
0.64 ac	A _I = Impervious area draining to the practice						
0.26 decima							
0.28 unitless	(-1.1.1)						
0.70 ac-in	WQV= 1" x Rv x A						
2,537 cf	WQV conversion (ac-in x 43,560 sf/ac x 1ft/12")						
254 cf	10% x WQV (check calc for sediment forebay and micropool volume)						
1,269 cf	50% x WQV (check calc for extended detention volume)						
292 cf	V _{SED} = Sediment forebay volume	≥ 10%WQV					
2 027 -4	V_{PP} = Permanent pool volume (volume below the lowest invert of the o	outlet structure) Attach					
3,827 cf	stage-storage table.						
no cf	Extended Detention? ¹	< 50% WQV					
-	V_{ED} = Volume of extended detention (if "yes" is given in box above)	— A County object - South Conducts					
	E _{ED} = Elevation of WQV if "yes" is given in box above ⁴						
- cfs	$2Q_{avg} = 2*V_{ED} / 24 \text{ hrs } * (1 \text{hr} / 3600 \text{ sec}) \text{ (used to check against } Q_{EDmax}$	below)					
cfs	Q_{EDmax} = Discharge at the E_{ED} (attach stage-discharge table)	< 2Q _{avg}					
- hours	T_{ED} = Drawdown time of extended detention = $2V_{ED}/Q_{EDmax}$	≥ 24-nrs					
3.00 :1	Pond side slopes	≥3:1					
468.63 ft	Elevation of seasonal high water table						
469.35 ft	Elevation of lowest pond outlet						
463.63 ft	Max floor = Maximum elevation of pond bottom (ft)						
460.63 ft	Minimum floor (to maintain depth at less than 8')	≤ 8 ft					
466.00 ft		≤ Max floor and > Min					
400.00 11	Elevation of pond floor ³	floor					
80.00 ft	Length of the flow path between the inlet and outlet at mid-depth						
30.00 ft	Average width ([average of the top width + average bottom width]/2)						
2.67 :1	Length to average width ratio	<u>≥</u> 3:1					
No Yes/No		← Yes					
Yes Yes/No		← Yes					
No Yes/No		eriod?					
If no state w							
	What mechanism is proposed to prevent the outlet structure from clog	ging (applicable for					
	orifices/weirs with a dimension of <6")?	A					
471.54 ft	Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event						
472.00 ft	Berm elevation of the pond	_					
YES	50 peak elevation ≤ the berm elevation?	←yes					

^{1.} If the entire WQV is stored in the perm. pool, there is no extended det., and the following five lines do not apply.

3. If the pond floor elevation is above the max floor elev., a hydrologic lidepth of 3 feet can be maintained. (First check whether a revised "lowe	
Designer's Notes:	
NHDES Alteration of Terrain	Last Revised: December 2017

2. This is the elevation of WQV if the hydrologic analysis is set up to include the permanent pool storage in the node description.

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Summary for Pond 22P: Pocket Pond 22P

2.456 ac, 26.10% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 2.97" for 50 yr event Inflow Area =

6.86 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= Inflow = 0.607 af

3.07 cfs @ 12.38 hrs, Volume= Outflow 0.594 af, Atten= 55%, Lag= 15.9 min

Primary = 3.07 cfs @ 12.38 hrs, Volume= 0.594 af

Routed to Pond 21P: Infiltration Basin

Secondary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs. Volume= 0.000 af

Routed to Pond 21P: Infiltration Basin

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs / 3

Starting Elev= 469.35' Surf.Area= 1,930 sf Storage= 3,827 cf

Peak Elev= 471.54' @ 12.38 hrs Surf.Area= 4,541 sf Storage= 9,824 cf (5,997 cf above start)

Flood Elev= 472.00' Surf.Area= 5,229 sf Storage= 12,066 cf (8,239 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 144.4 min calculated for 0.506 af (83% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 28.1 min (824.4 - 796.3)

Volume	Invert	Avail.St	огаде	Storage Description	on		
#1	466.00'	12,0)66 cf	Custom Stage Data (Irregular)Listed below (Recalc)			
Elevatio		ırf.Area I (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
466.0		492	103.6	0	0	492	
468.0		1,258	151.6	1,691	1,691	1,500	
470.0		2,304	194.4	3,510	5,201	2,728	
471.0		•	213.3	2,604	7,805	3,374	
471.5		•	493.2	1,836	9,640	19,111	
472.0		5,229	502.6	2,425	12,066	19,897	
		•		, , , , , ,	,	,	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outle	et Devices			
#1	Primary	469.00'	12.0	" Round Culvert			
			L= 2	1.0' RCP, square	edge headwall, K	e= 0.500	
			Inlet	/ Outlet Invert= 469	9.00' / 468.00' S=	: 0.0476 '/' Cc= 0.900	
						Flow Area= 0.79 sf	
#2	Device 1	469.35'		Vert. 5" Orifices >			
		_		ted to weir flow at lo			
#3	Device 1	470.80'		Vert. 5" Orifices >			
				ed to weir flow at lo			
#4	Device 1	471.25'		, Cv= 2.62 (C= 3.2	28)		
				d (feet) 0.00 0.40			
	5	474.05		h (feet) 0.75 0.75			
#5	Device 1	471.65'	_	x 2.0" Horiz. Grat			
				rows C= 0.600 in 3		e (31% open area)	
40	0	474 751		ed to weir flow at lo			
#6	Secondary	471.75'				Rectangular Weir	
						1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2	00
				3.00 3.50 4.00 4			-
						38 2.67 2.65 2.65 2.6	5
			2.65	2.66 2.66 2.67 2	2.69 2.72 2.76 2.	83	

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Primary OutFlow Max=3.06 cfs @ 12.38 hrs HW=471.54' TW=469.82' (Dynamic Tailwater)

1=Culvert (Passes 3.06 cfs of 4.96 cfs potential flow)

-2=5" Orifices (Orifice Controls 1.72 cfs @ 6.31 fps)

-3=5" Orifices (Orifice Controls 0.96 cfs @ 3.51 fps)

-4=Weir (Weir Controls 0.38 cfs @ 1.76 fps)

-5=Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=469.35' TW=466.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 6=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir(Controls 0.00 cfs)

Storage (cubic-feet)

8,446

8,811

9,209

9,640

10,096

10,566

11,051

11,551

12,066

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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond 22P: Pocket Pond 22P

Surface

(sq-ft)

3,502

3,815

4,142

4,482

4,627

4,774

4,923

5,075

5,229

Elevation

(feet)

471.20

471.30

471.40

471.50

471.60

471.70

471.80

471.90

472.00

	•	•
Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)
466.00	492	0
466.10 466.20	522 553	51 104
466.30	584	161
466.40	617	221
466.50	650	285
466.60 466.70	685 720	351 422
466.80	756	495
466.90	793	573
467.00 467.10	831 870	654 739
467.10	909	828
467.30	950	921
467.40 467.50	991	1,018
467.50 467.60	1,033 1,077	1,119 1,225
467.70	1,121	1,335
467.80	1,166	1,449
467.90 468.00	1,211 1,258	1,568 1,691
468.10	1,303	1,819
468.20	1,348	1,952
468.30 468.40	1,395 1,442	2,089 2,231
468.50	1,490	2,377
468.60	1,539	2,529
468.70 468.80	1,588 1,639	2,685 2,846
468.90	1,690	3,013
469.00	1,742	3,184
469.10 460.20	1,794	3,361
469.20 469.30	1,848 1,902	3,543 3,731
469.40	1,957	3,924
469.50	2,013	4,122
469.60 469.70	2,070 2,127	4,326 4,536
469.80	2,185	4,752
469.90	2,244	4,973
470.00 470.10	2,304 2,362	5,201 5,434
470.20	2,421	5,673
470.30	2,480	5,918
470.40 470.50	2,540 2,601	6,169 6,426
470.60 470.60	2,663	6,689
470.70	2,725	6,959
470.80 470.90	2,788 2,852	7,234 7,516
470.90 471.00	2,032 2,916	7,805
471.10	3,202	8,111
		I

Post

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Summary for Pond 23P: Sediment Forebay 23P

Inflow Area = 2.456 ac, 26.10% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 2.97" for 50 yr event

Inflow 6.86 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.607 af

Outflow 6.86 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.607 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary 6.86 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.607 af =

Routed to Pond 22P: Pocket Pond 22P

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs / 3

Peak Elev= 471.75' @ 12.13 hrs Surf.Area= 570 sf Storage= 0 cf

Flood Elev= 472.00' Surf.Area= 650 sf Storage= 0 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail	.Storage	Storage Descripti	on		
#1	469.0	0'	0 cf	Custom Stage D 792 cf Overall x		red below (Recalc)	
Elevation (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft <u>)</u>	
469.0	00	3	16.6	0	0	3	
470.0	00	135	65.6	53	53	326	
471.0	00	363	86.1	240	292	585	
472.0	00	650	105.0	500	792	888	
Device	Routing	Inv	ert Outle	et Devices			
#1	Primary	471.	00' 4.0'	long x 4.0' bread	th Broad-Crested	Rectangular Weir	
	_		Head	d (feet) 0.20 0.40	0.60 0.80 1.00	1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00	
			2.50	3.00 3.50 4.00	4.50 5.00 5.50		
			Coef	f. (English) 2.38 2	.54 2.69 2.68 2.	67 2.67 2.65 2.66 2.66	
			2.68	2.72 2.73 2.76	2.79 2.88 3.07 3	.32	

Primary OutFlow Max=6.86 cfs @ 12.11 hrs HW=471.74' TW=471.03' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 6.86 cfs @ 2.31 fps)

Storage

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

(cubic-feet)

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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond 23P: Sediment Forebay 23P

Surface

(sq-ft)

525

540

555

570

586

602

618

634

650

Elevation

(feet)

471.60

471.65

471.70

471.75

471.80

471.85

471.90

471.95

472.00

Elevation	Surface	Storage
(feet) 469.00	(sq-ft) 3	(cubic-feet)
469.05	5	0
469.10 469.15	7 10	0 0
469.20	14	0
469.25 469.30	18 22	0
469.35	27	0
469.40 460.45	32	0
469.45 469.50	38 45	0
469.55	51 50	0
469.60 469.65	59 67	0
469.70	75	0
469.75 469.80	84 93	0 0
469.85	103	0
469.90 469.95	113 124	0
470.00	135	0
470.05 470.10	144 153	0
470.15	162	0
470.20 470.25	172 182	0
470.30	192	0
470.35 470.40	202 213	0
470.45	224	0
470.50 470.55	235 247	0
470.60	259	0
470.65 470.70	271 283	0 0
470.75	296	0
470.80 470.85	309 322	0 0
470.90	335	0
470.95 471.00	349 363	0 0
471.05	375	0
471.10 471.15	388 401	0
471.20	414	0
471.25 471.30	427 440	0
471.35	454	0
471.40 471.45	468 482	0
471.50	496	0
471.55	511	0
		•



STORMWATER POND DESIGN CRITERIA Env-Wq 1508.03

Type/Node Name: Pocket Pond 41P

Enter the type of stormwater pond (e.g., Wet Pond) and the node name in the drainage analysis, if applicable.

1.68 ac	A = Area draining to the practice	
0.14 ac	A _I = Impervious area draining to the practice	
0.09 decimal	I = Percent impervious area draining to the practice, in decimal form	
0.13 unitless	Rv = Runoff coefficient = 0.05 + (0.9 x I)	
0.21 ac-in	WQV= 1" x Rv x A	
775 cf	WQV conversion (ac-in x 43,560 sf/ac x 1ft/12")	
77 cf	10% x WQV (check calc for sediment forebay and micropool volume)	
387 cf	50% x WQV (check calc for extended detention volume)	
245 cf	V _{SED} = Sediment forebay volume	≥ 10%WQV
5,532 cf	V_{PP} = Permanent pool volume (volume below the lowest invert of the or stage-storage table.	utlet structure) Attach
no cf	Extended Detention? ¹	≤ 50% WQV
	V_{ED} = Volume of extended detention (if "yes" is given in box above)	
	E _{ED} = Elevation of WQV if "yes" is given in box above ²	
- cfs	$2Q_{avg} = 2*V_{ED} / 24 \text{ hrs } * (1 \text{hr} / 3600 \text{ sec}) \text{ (used to check against } Q_{EDmax} \text{ b}$	2.3
cfs	Q_{EDmax} = Discharge at the E_{ED} (attach stage-discharge table)	< 2Q _{avg}
- hours	T_{ED} = Drawdown time of extended detention = $2V_{ED}/Q_{EDmax}$	≥ 24-nrs
3.00 :1	Pond side slopes	≥3:1
437.00 ft	Elevation of seasonal high water table	No day
440.10 ft	Elevation of lowest pond outlet	
432.00 ft	Max floor = Maximum elevation of pond bottom (ft)	
429.00 ft	Minimum floor (to maintain depth at less than 8')	≤ 8 ft
424.00.5	3	Max floor and > Min
434.00 ft	Elevation of pond floor ³	floor
51.00 ft	Length of the flow path between the inlet and outlet at mid-depth	
67.00 ft	Average width ([average of the top width + average bottom width]/2)	1
0.76 :1	Length to average width ratio	≥ 3:1
Yes Yes/No	Is the perimeter curvilinear.	← Yes
Yes Yes/No	Are the inlet and outlet located as far apart as possible.	← Yes
No Yes/No	Is there a manually-controlled drain to dewater the pond over a 24hr pe	eriod?
If no state why:	: grades	
	What mechanism is proposed to prevent the outlet structure from clog	ging (applicable for
2.35	orifices/weirs with a dimension of <6")?	
441.67 ft	Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event	
442.00 ft	Berm elevation of the pond	
YES	50 peak elevation \leq the berm elevation?	←yes

^{1.} If the entire WQV is stored in the perm. pool, there is no extended det., and the following five lines do not apply.

3. If the pond floor elevation is above the max floor elev., a hydrologic budget must be submitted to demonstrate that a minimum depth of 3 feet can be maintained. (First check whether a revised "lowest pond outlet" elev. will resolve the issue.)				
Designer's Notes:				

2. This is the elevation of WQV if the hydrologic analysis is set up to include the permanent pool storage in the node description.

NHDES Alteration of Terrain

Last Revised: December 2017

Prepared by Keach-Nordstrom Associates, Inc

Printed 11/3/2025

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Summary for Pond 41P: Pocket Pond 41P

Inflow Area = 1.681 ac, 8.55% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.88" for 50 yr event

Inflow = 2.92 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.263 af

Outflow = 1.07 cfs @ 12.49 hrs, Volume= 0.248 af, Atten= 63%, Lag= 22.6 min

Primary = 1.07 cfs @ 12.49 hrs, Volume= 0.248 af

Routed to Pond 40P: Existing CB

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs / 3

Starting Elev= 440.10' Surf.Area= 2,197 sf Storage= 5,532 cf

Peak Elev= 441.67' @ 12.49 hrs Surf.Area= 3,100 sf Storage= 9,718 cf (4,187 cf above start)

Flood Elev= 442.00' Surf.Area= 3,207 sf Storage= 10,747 cf (5,215 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time=451.0 min calculated for 0.121 af (46% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 137.8 min (981.2 - 843.3)

Volume	Inv	ert Ava	il.Storage	Storage Descripti	ion			
#1	434.	00'	10,747 cf	Custom Stage D	ata (Irregular)List	ed below (Recalc)		
Elevation (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)		
434.0	00	64	44.5	0	0	64		
436.0	00	472	91.7	473	473	593		
438.0	00	1,164	139.2	1,585	2,058	1,496		
440.0	00	2,142	186.2	3,257	5,315	2,756		
441.5	50	3,044	214.5	3,870	9,184	3,707		
442.0	00	3,207	219.2	1,563	10,747	3,902		
Device	Routing	in	vert Outle	et Devices				
#1	Primary	437	7.00' 18.0	" Round Culvert				
	•		Inlet	L= 24.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 437.00' / 435.00' S= 0.0833 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 1.77 sf				
#2	Device 1	1 440				to weir flow at low heads		
#3	Device 1	1 441	.60' 2.0"	2.0" x 2.0" Horiz. Grate X 10.00 columns				
			X 10	rows C= 0.600 in	36.0" x 36.0" Grate	e (31% open area)		
			Limit	ed to weir flow at I	low heads	·		

Primary OutFlow Max=1.06 cfs @ 12.49 hrs HW=441.67' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Passes 1.06 cfs of 16.85 cfs potential flow)

2=3" Orifice (Orifice Controls 0.28 cfs @ 5.79 fps)

-3=Grate (Weir Controls 0.78 cfs @ 0.88 fps)

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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond 41P: Pocket Pond 41P

Elevation	Surface	Storage	Elevation	Surface	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
434.00	64 75	0	439.20	1,715	3,775
434.10	75	7	439.30	1,766	3,949
434.20 434.30	88	15	439.40	1,818	4,128
434.40 434.40	101 115	25 25	439.50	1,870	4,313
434.50	131	35 48	439.60	1,923	4,502
434.60	147	62	439.70 439.80	1,976	4,697
434.70	164	77	439.90	2,031 2,086	4,897 5.103
434.80	182	94	440.00	2,088 2,142	5,103 5,315
434.90	201	114	440.10	2,142	5,532
435.00	221	135	440.20	2,253	5,754
435.10	242	158	440.30	2,310	5,982
435.20	264	183	440.40	2,367	6,216
435.30	286	210	440.50	2,425	6,456
435.40	310	240	440.60	2,484	6,701
435.50	335	273	440.70	2,543	6,953
435.60	360	307	440.80	2,603	7,210
435.70	387	345	440.90	2,664	7,473
435.80	414	385	441.00	2,726	7,743
435.90	443	427	441.10	2,788	8,018
436.00	472	473	441.20	2,851	8,300
436.10	499	522	441.30	2,915	8,589
436.20	527	573	441.40	2,979	8,883
436.30	556	627	441.50	3,044	9,184
436.40	586	684	441.60	3,076	9,490
436.50	616	744	441.70	3,109	9,800
436.60	647	808	441.80	3,141	10,112
436.70	679	874	441.90	3,174	10,428
436.80	712	944	442.00	3,207	10,747
436.90	745	1,016			
437.00	780	1,093			
437.10 437.20	815 850	1,172			
437.30	850 887	1,256			
437.40	924	1,342			
437.50	962	1,433 1,527			
437.60	1,001	1,625			
437.70	1,041	1,727			
437.80	1,081	1,834			
437.90	1,122	1,944			
438.00	1,164	2,058			
438.10	1,206	2,177			
438.20	1,248	2,299			
438.30	1,292	2,426			
438.40	1,336	2,558			
438.50	1,381	2,693			
438.60	1,426	2,834			
438.70	1,473	2,979			
438.80	1,520	3,128			
438.90	1,567	3,283			
439.00	1,616	3,442			
439.10	1,665	3,606			

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Summary for Pond 415P: Sediment Forebay 415P

Inflow Area = 1.023 ac, 13.11% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 2.21" for 50 yr event

Inflow = 2.06 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.189 af

Outflow = 2.05 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.183 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.7 min

Primary = 2.05 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.183 af

Routed to Pond 41P: Pocket Pond 41P

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs / 3

Peak Elev= 441.85' @ 12.13 hrs Surf.Area= 408 sf Storage= 369 cf

Flood Elev= 442.00' Surf.Area= 454 sf Storage= 435 cf

Plug-Flow detention time=33.7 min calculated for 0.183 af (97% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 16.4 min (840.8 - 824.4)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail	.Storage	Storage Descripti	on		
#1	439.	50'	435 cf	Custom Stage D	ata (Irregular)List	ted below (Recalc)	
Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
439.5	50	7	13.1	0	0	7	
441.5	0	313	89.1	245	245	633	
442.0	0	454	98.5	191	435	781	
Device	Routing	lnv	ert Outle	et Devices			
#1	Primary	441.	50' 4.0 '	long x 4.0' bread	th Broad-Crested	d Rectangular Wei	r
						1.20 1.40 1.60 1.8	
			2.50	3.00 3.50 4.00	4.50 5.00 5.50		
			Coef	f. (English) 2.38 2	.54 2.69 2.68 2.	67 2.67 2.65 2.66	2.66
			2.68	2.72 2.73 2.76 2	2.79 2.88 3.07 3	.32	

Primary OutFlow Max=2.03 cfs @ 12.13 hrs HW=441.85' TW=441.07' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 2.03 cfs @ 1.47 fps)

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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond 415P: Sediment Forebay 415P

Elevation	Surface	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
439.50 439.55	7 9	0
439.60 439.65	12 14	1 2
439.70 439.75	17 20	1 2 2 3
439.80	24	4
439.85	28	6
439.90	32	7
439.95	36	9
440.00	41	11
440.05	46	13
440.10	51	15
440.15	57	18
440.20	63	21
440.25 440.30	69 75	24
440.35	82	28 32
440.40	89	36
440.45	96	41
440.50	103	46
440.55	111	51
440.60	119	57
440.65	128	63
440.70	136	70
440.75	145	77
440.80	154	84
440.85	164	92
440.90 440.95	174	101
441.00	184 194	110 119
441.05	205	129
441.10	216	139
441.15	227	150
441.20	238	162
441.25	250	174
441.30	262	187
441.35	274	201
441.40	287	215
441.45	300	229
441.50	313	245
441.55	326	261
441.60	339	277
441.65	353	294
441.70	366	312
441.75	380	331
441.80	394	350
441.85	409	371
441.90	424	391
441.95	439	413
442.00	454	435

Extreme Precipitation Tables

Northeast Regional Climate Center

Data represents point estimates calculated from partial duration series. All precipitation amounts are displayed in inches.

Metadata for Point

Smoothing

Yes

State New Hampshire

Location

New Hampshire, United States

Latitude

43.255 degrees North

Longitude

71.765 degrees West

Elevation

140 feet

Date/Time

Wed Jun 05 2024 12:33:03 GMT-0400 (Eastern Daylight Time)

Extreme Precipitation Estimates

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.26	0.40	0.50	0.65	0.81	1.02	1yr	0.70	0.97	1.18	1.48	1.87	2.35	2.55	1yr	2.08	2.45	2.90	3.60	4.12	1yr
2yr	0.31	0.48	0.60	0.79	0.99	1.25	2yr	0.86	1.14	1.44	1.80	2.23	2.78	3.11	2yr	2.46	2.99	3.48	4.16	4.75	2yr
5yr	0.37	0.58	0.72	0.97	1.24	1.57	5yr	1.07	1.44	1.81	2.26	2.79	3.44	3.93	5yr	3.04	3.78	4.38	5.15	5.84	5yr
10yr	0.42	0.66	0.83	1.13	1.47	1.87	10yr	1.27	1.72	2.17	2.69	3.31	4.04	4.70	10yr	3.58	4.52	5.21	6.05	6.83	10yr
25yr	0.49	0.79	1.00	1.38	1.83	2.35	25yr	1.58	2.16	2.73	3.38	4.14	5.01	5.94	25yr	4.43	5.71	6.56	7.50	8.40	25yr
50yr	0.56	0.90	1.15	1.61	2.17	2.80	50yr	1.87	2.58	3.25	4.03	4.90	5.89	7.11	50yr	5.22	6.83	7.81	8.82	9.82	50yr
100yr	0.64	1.03	1.33	1.89	2.58	3.34	100yr	2.22	3.07	3.89	4.80	5.81	6.94	8.50	100yr	6.14	8.17	9.31	10.38	11.49	100yr
200yr	0.73	1.20	1.55	2.22	3.06	3.98	200yr	2.64	3.67	4.63	5.70	6.88	8.17	10.17	200yr	7.23	9.78	11.09	12.22	13.45	200yr
500yr	0.88	1.45	1.88	2.73	3.83	5.01	500yr	3.30	4.64	5.84	7.17	8.61	10.16	12.90	500yr	8.99	12.41	14.00	15.18	16.57	500yr

Lower Confidence Limits

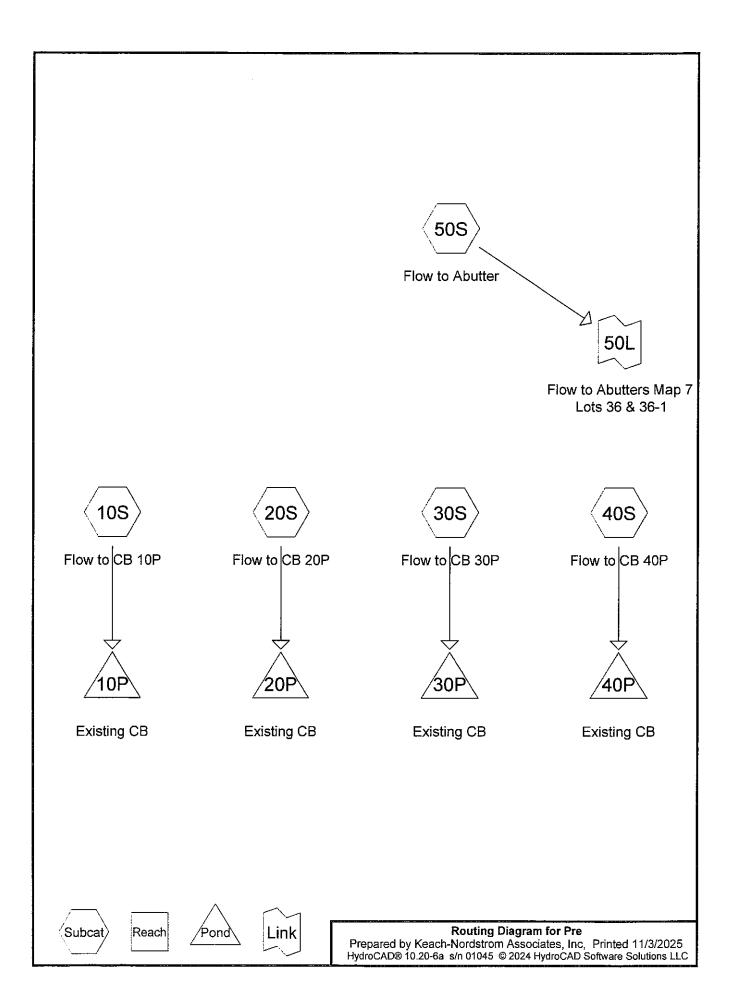
	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.24	0.37	0.45	0.61	0.75	0.88	1yr	0.64	0.86	0.95	1.28	1.57	1.90	2.28	1yr	1.68	2.19	2.58	3.07	3.62	1yr
2yr	0.30	0.46	0.57	0.77	0.95	1.13	2yr	0.82	1.10	1.29	1.71	2.21	2.69	3.00	2yr	2.38	2.88	3.35	4.02	4.60	2yr
5yr	0.34	0.52	0.65	0.89	1.13	1.33	5yr	0.97	1.30	1.50	1.96	2.54	3.17	3.59	5yr	2.81	3.45	3.98	4.74	5.42	5yr
10yr	0.38	0.58	0.72	1.01	1.30	1.52	10yr	1.12	1.48	1.68	2.17	2.82	3.60	4.10	10yr	3.19	3.95	4.52	5.36	6.09	10yr
25yr	0.43	0.65	0.81	1.16	1.53	1.78	25yr	1.32	1.74	1.96	2.48	3.23	4.25	4.89	25yr	3.76	4.70	5.35	6.33	7.11	25yr
50yr	0.47	0.72	0.89	1.29	1.73	1.99	50yr	1.49	1.95	2.18	2.76	3.57	4.83	5.57	50yr	4.28	5.36	6.07	7.19	8.03	50yr
100yr	0.52	0.79	0.99	1.42	1.95	2.24	100yr	1.68	2.19	2.43	3.07	3.96	5.50	6.37	100yr	4.87	6.12	6.89	8.18	9.07	100yr
200yr	0.57	0.86	1.09	1.57	2.20	2.52	200yr	1.90	2.46	2.71	3.42	4.39	6.28	7.27	200yr	5.55	6.99	7.83	9.33	10.24	200yr
500yr	0.65	0.97	1.25	1.81	2.58	2.92	500yr	2.23	2.85	3.13	3.95	5.03	7.48	8.67	500yr	6.62	8.34	9.25	11.12	12.05	500yr

Upper Confidence Limits

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.29	0.45	0.55	0.73	0.90	1.11	1yr	0.78	1.09	1.21	1.59	1.96	2.61	2.80	1yr	2.31	2.69	3.21	3.94	4.48	1yr
2yr	0.33	0.51	0.63	0.85	1.05	1.24	2yr	0.91	1.21	1.41	1.85	2.37	2.89	3.25	2yr	2.56	3.12	3.64	4.31	4.99	2yr
5yr	0.41	0.63	0.78	1.07	1.36	1.63	5yr	1.18	1.59	1.85	2.36	3.00	3.73	4.32	5yr	3.30	4.16	4.81	5.55	6.30	5yr
10yr	0.49	0.76	0.94	1.31	1.69	2.02	10yr	1.46	1.98	2.27	2.86	3.60	4.53	5.38	10yr	4.01	5.18	5.97	6.70	7.57	10yr
25yr	0.63	0.96	1.19	1.70	2.24	2.69	25yr	1.93	2.63	3.01	3.66	4.58	5.85	7.18	25yr	5.18	6.90	7.94	8.61	9.69	25yr
50yr	0.76	1.15	1.43	2.06	2.77	3.36	50yr	2.39	3.28	3.70	4.43	5.51	7.09	8.95	50yr	6.28	8.61	9.86	10.42	11.67	50yr
100yr	0.92	1.39	1.74	2.51	3.44	4.19	100yr	2.97	4.10	4.57	5.34	6.63	8.62	11.17	100yr	7.63	10.74	12.25	12.60	14.06	100yr
200yr	1,11	1.67	2.11	3.06	4.27	5.23	200yr	3.68	5.12	5.66	6.46	7.96	10.44	13.93	200yr	9.24	13.39	15.23	15.22	16.93	200yr
500yr	1.44	2.14	2.75	4.00	5.68	7.03	500yr	4.90	6.87	7.50	8.30	10.19	13.50	18.67	500yr	11.95	17.96	20.33	19.55	21.65	500yr



18. HYDROCAD DRAINAGE ANALAYSIS



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Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.03 hrs, 801 points x 3 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment10S: Flow to CB 10P Runoff Area=138,949 sf 3.22% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.23" Flow Length=1,135' Tc=17.9 min CN=WQ Runoff=3.00 cfs 0.326 af

Subcatchment 20S: Flow to CB 20P Runoff Area=314,828 sf 3.69% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.45" Flow Length=1,000' Tc=16.1 min CN=WQ Runoff=8.10 cfs 0.871 af

Subcatchment30S: Flow to CB 30P Runoff Area=85,116 sf 6.62% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.52" Flow Length=905' Tc=21.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=2.08 cfs 0.247 af

Subcatchment40S: Flow to CB 40P Runoff Area=196,868 sf 3.70% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.31" Flow Length=1,199' Tc=18.5 min CN=WQ Runoff=4.08 cfs 0.493 af

Subcatchment50S: Flow to Abutter Runoff Area=11,007 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.22" Flow Length=213' Tc=10.6 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.25 cfs 0.026 af

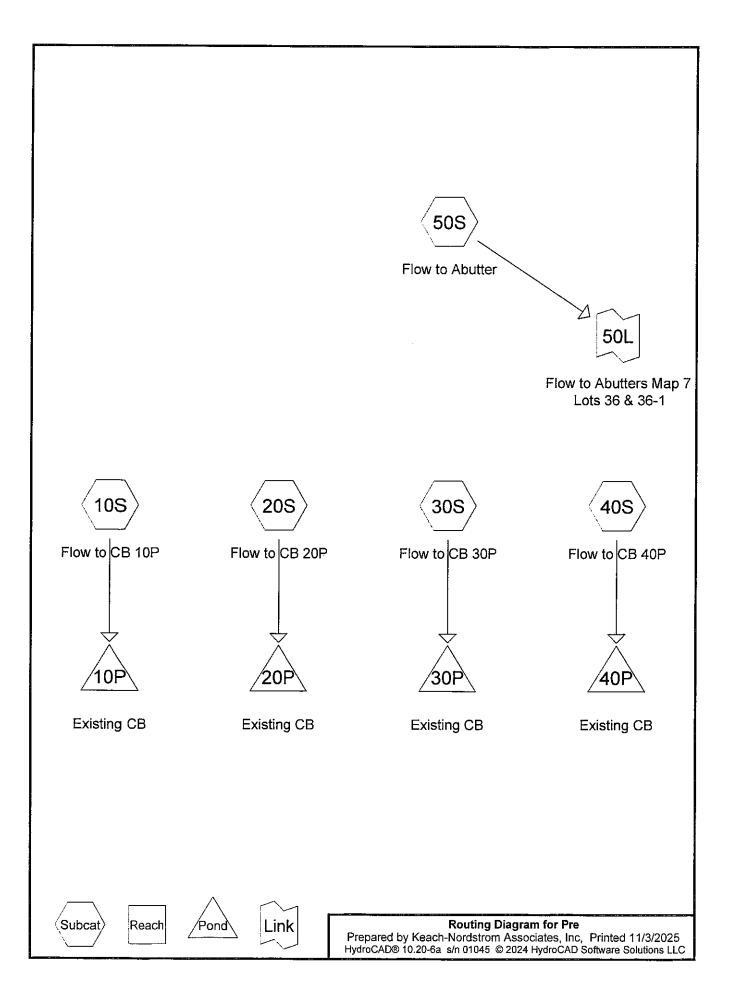
Pond 10P: Existing CB Inflow=3.00 cfs 0.326 af Primary=3.00 cfs 0.326 af

Pond 20P: Existing CB Inflow=8.10 cfs 0.871 af Primary=8.10 cfs 0.871 af

Pond 30P: Existing CB Inflow=2.08 cfs 0.247 af Primary=2.08 cfs 0.247 af

Pond 40P: Existing CB Inflow=4.08 cfs 0.493 af Primary=4.08 cfs 0.493 af

Link 50L: Flow to Abutters Map 7 Lots 36 & 36-1 Inflow=0.25 cfs 0.026 af Primary=0.25 cfs 0.026 af



Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
0.460	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A (30S, 40S)
0.355	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B (10S, 30S, 40S)
0.263	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D (20S, 30S, 40S)
0.209	96	Gravel surface, HSG A (40S)
0.111	96	Gravel surface, HSG B (30S, 40S, 50S)
0.231	98	Paved parking, HSG A (30S, 40S)
0.242	98	Paved parking, HSG B (10S, 20S, 30S, 40S)
0.011	98	Paved parking, HSG D (40S)
0.183	98	Water Surface, HSG C (10S, 20S)
2.812	30	Woods, Good, HSG A (10S, 20S, 30S, 40S)
8.875	55	Woods, Good, HSG B (10S, 20S, 30S, 40S, 50S)
3.392	77	Woods, Good, HSG D (10S, 20S, 30S, 40S, 50S)
17.143	58	TOTAL AREA

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Ground Covers (all nodes)

HSG-/		HSG-C (acres)	HSG-D (acres)	Other (acres)	Total (acres)	Ground Cover	Subcatchment Numbers
0.46	0 0.355	0.000	0.263	0.000	1.078	>75% Grass cover, Good	10S,
							20S,
							30S,
							40S
0.20	9 0.111	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.320	Gravel surface	30S,
							40S,
							50S
0.23	1 0.242	0.000	0.011	0.000	0.483	Paved parking	10S,
							20S,
							30S,
							40S
0.00	0.000	0.183	0.000	0.000	0.183	Water Surface	10S,
							20S
2.81	2 8.875	0.000	3.392	0.000	15.079	Woods, Good	10S,
							20S,
							30S,
							40S,
							50S
3.71	2 9.582	0.183	3.666	0.000	17.143	TOTAL AREA	

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Summary for Subcatchment 10S: Flow to CB 10P

Runoff 1.93 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume=

0.220 af, Depth> 0.83"

Routed to Pond 10P: Existing CB

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=4.04"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	<u>De</u> scription		
	3,674	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG E	}
	6,224				ood, HSG B
	801	98 V	Vater Surfa	ace, HSG C	
	49,768	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
	39,726		,	od, HSG B	
	38,756	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D	
1	38,949	V	Veighted A	verage	
1	34,474	9	6.78% Pe	rvious Area	
	4,475	3	.22% Impe	ervious Are	a
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
9.0	100	0.2100	0.19	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 2.78"
8.9	1,035	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
17.9	1,135	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 20S: Flow to CB 20P

Runoff 4.94 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume=

0.571 af, Depth> 0.95"

Routed to Pond 20P: Existing CB

Area (s	sf) CN	Description
4,4	61 98	Paved parking, HSG B
5,32	23 80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
7,10	66 98	Water Surface, HSG C
39,20	09 30	Woods, Good, HSG A
179,0°	13 55	Woods, Good, HSG B
79,6	56 77	Woods, Good, HSG D
314,82	28	Weighted Average
303,20	01	96.31% Pervious Area
11,62	27	3.69% Impervious Area

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A	rea (sf)	CN E	escription		
	5,021	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG A	
	474			ing, HSG D	
	1,792	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG E	3
	13,245	39 >	·75% Ġras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
	6,161	61 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B
	2,604	80 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D
	20,716	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
1	124,642	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
	3,540	96 G	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3
	9,098	96 G	Fravel surfa	ace, HSG A	4
	9,575	77V	<u>Voods, Go</u>	od, HSG D	
1	96,868	٧	Veighted A	verage	
1	89,581	9	6.30% Pei	rvious Area	
	7,287	3	.70% Impe	ervious Are	a
т.	1	Olama.	\	0	D
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
9.0	100	0.2100	0.19		Sheet Flow,
	4.000				Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 2.78"
9.5	1,099	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
18.5	1,199	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 50S: Flow to Abutter

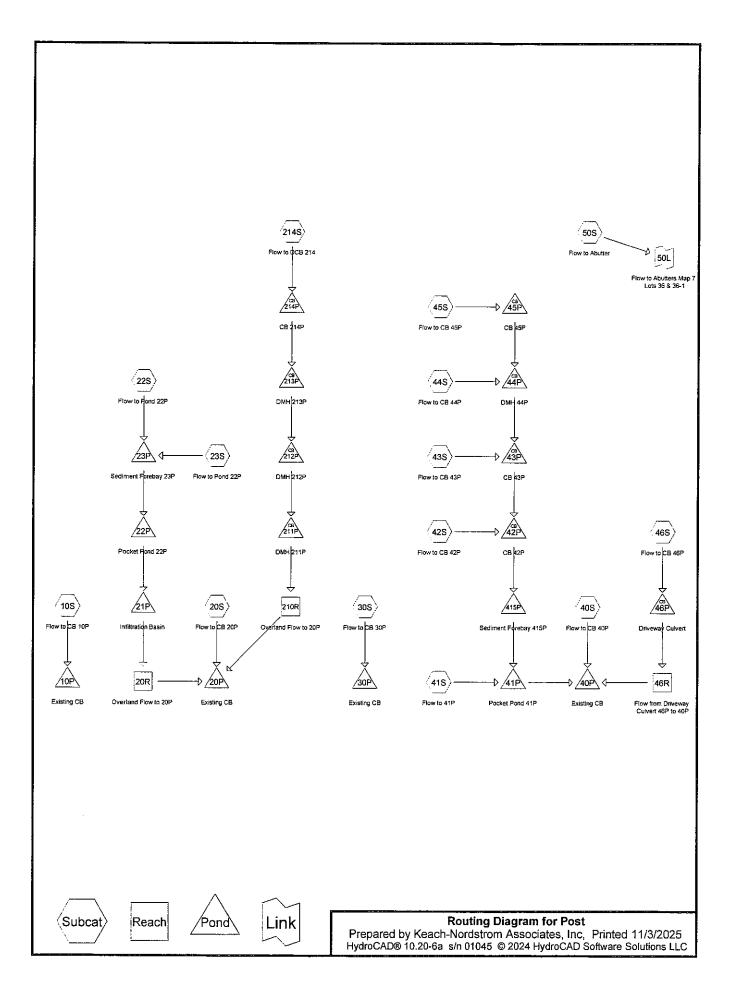
Runoff = 0.13 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 0.016 af, Depth> 0.74" Routed to Link 50L : Flow to Abutters Map 7 Lots 36 & 36-1

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
		506	96	Gravel surf	ace, HSG E	3
		485	77	Woods, Go	od, HSG D	
		10,016	<u>55</u> '	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
		11,007	1	Weighted A	verage	
		11,007		100.00% P	ervious Are	a
	Тс	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	9.6	100	0.1800	0.17		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 2.78"
	1.0	113	0.1400	1.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	10.6	213	Total			

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Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs



Post Prepared by Keach-Nordstro HydroCAD® 10.20-6a s/n 01045	om Associates, Inc i © 2024 HydroCAD Software Solutions Ll	<i>Type III 24-hr 2 yr Rainfall=2.78"</i> Printed 11/3/2025 _C Page 3
Reach 210R: Overland Flow t	o 20P Avg. Flow Depth=0.06' Max 0.013 L=486.0' S=0.0874'/' Capacity=1	Vel=3.93 fps Inflow=0.55 cfs 0.069 af ,073.41 cfs Outflow=0.54 cfs 0.069 af
Pond 10P: Existing CB		Inflow=0.84 cfs 0.103 af Primary=0.84 cfs 0.103 af
Pond 20P: Existing CB		Inflow=1.84 cfs 0.248 af Primary=1.84 cfs 0.248 af
Pond 21P: Infiltration Basin Discarded=0.12 cfs 0.125 af Prim	Peak Elev=469.70' Stor ary=0.43 cfs 0.026 af Secondary=0.00 c	age=3,286 cf Inflow=1.01 cfs 0.196 af fs 0.000 af Outflow=0.55 cfs 0.151 af
Pond 22P: Pocket Pond 22P Prim	Peak Elev=470.15' Stor eary=1.01 cfs 0.196 af Secondary=0.00 c	age=5,551 cf Inflow=2.18 cfs 0.200 af fs 0.000 af Outflow=1.01 cfs 0.196 af
Pond 23P: Sediment Forebay	23P Peak Elev=471.36'	Storage=0 cf Inflow=2.18 cfs 0.200 af Outflow=2.18 cfs 0.200 af
Pond 30P: Existing CB		Inflow=0.49 cfs 0.053 af Primary=0.49 cfs 0.053 af
Pond 40P: Existing CB		Inflow=0.70 cfs 0.167 af Primary=0.70 cfs 0.167 af
Pond 41P: Pocket Pond 41P	Peak Elev=440.50' Store	age=6,444 cf Inflow=0.60 cfs 0.059 af Outflow=0.12 cfs 0.054 af
Pond 42P: CB 42P	Peak 18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=17.0' S	Elev=443.62' Inflow=0.43 cfs 0.048 af S=0.0782 '/' Outflow=0.43 cfs 0.048 af
Pond 43P: CB 43P	Peak 18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=38.0' S	Elev=445.90' Inflow=0.31 cfs 0.037 af S=0.0526 '/' Outflow=0.31 cfs 0.037 af
Pond 44P: DMH 44P	Peak 15.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=79.0' S	Elev=453.18' Inflow=0.16 cfs 0.018 af 6=0.0886 '/' Outflow=0.16 cfs 0.018 af
Pond 45P: CB 45P	Peak 15.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=64.0' S	Elev=465.96' Inflow=0.13 cfs 0.015 af S=0.1219 '/' Outflow=0.13 cfs 0.015 af
Pond 46P: Driveway Culvert	Peak 12.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=31.0' S	Elev=431.37' Inflow=0.49 cfs 0.094 af S=0.0161 '/' Outflow=0.49 cfs 0.094 af

Peak Elev=473.56' Inflow=0.55 cfs 0.069 af

Peak Elev=479.57' Inflow=0.55 cfs 0.069 af

Peak Elev=488.37' Inflow=0.55 cfs 0.069 af

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=128.0' S=0.0078 '/' Outflow=0.55 cfs 0.069 af

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=43.0' S=0.0988 '/' Outflow=0.55 cfs 0.069 af

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=38.0' S=0.1066 '/' Outflow=0.55 cfs 0.069 af

Pond 211P: DMH 211P

Pond 212P: DMH 212P

Pond 213P: DMH 213P

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Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.03 hrs, 801 points x 3
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment10S: Flow to CB 10P Runoff Area=138,730 sf 3.23% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.23" Flow Length=1,135' Tc=17.9 min CN=WQ Runoff=2.99 cfs 0.325 af Subcatchment20S: Flow to CB 20P Runoff Area=102,298 sf 14.98% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.12" Flow Length=578' Tc=16.9 min CN=WQ Runoff=3.87 cfs 0.414 af Subcatchment22S: Flow to Pond 22P Runoff Area=77,035 sf 6.46% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.78" Flow Length=363' Tc=9.5 min CN=WQ Runoff=3.01 cfs 0.262 af Subcatchment 23S: Flow to Pond 22P Runoff Area=29,933 sf 76.64% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.80" Flow Length=412' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=2.65 cfs 0.218 af Runoff Area=21,407 sf 23.53% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.05" Subcatchment30S: Flow to CB 30P Flow Length=310' Slope=0.0100 '/' Tc=17.8 min CN=WQ Runoff=1,19 cfs 0,125 af Subcatchment40S: Flow to CB 40P Runoff Area=6,946 sf 32.42% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.22" Flow Length=126' Tc=6.3 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.55 cfs 0.043 af Subcatchment41S: Flow to 41P Runoff Area=28,634 sf 1.45% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.05" Flow Length=142' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.69 cfs 0.057 af Subcatchment42S: Flow to CB 42P Runoff Area=6,835 sf 27.53% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.78" Flow Length=128' Tc=8.1 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.25 cfs 0.023 af Subcatchment43S: Flow to CB 43P Runoff Area=19,681 sf 12.09% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.56" Flow Length=358' Tc=11.6 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.59 cfs 0.059 af Subcatchment44S: Flow to CB 44P Runoff Area=2,108 sf 18.50% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.97" Flow Length=54' Slope=0.1400 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.10 cfs 0.008 af Subcatchment45S: Flow to CB 45P Runoff Area=15,951 sf 7.49% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.70" Flow Length=159' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.66 cfs 0.052 af Subcatchment46S: Flow to CB 46P Runoff Area=201,304 sf 2.48% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.07" Flow Length=1,111' Tc=17.7 min CN=WQ Runoff=3.39 cfs 0.411 af Subcatchment50S: Flow to Abutter Runoff Area=11,007 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.22" Flow Length=213' Tc=10.6 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.25 cfs 0.026 af Subcatchment214S: Flow to DCB 214 Runoff Area=84,870 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.59" Flow Length=816' Tc=15.2 min CN=WQ Runoff=2.50 cfs 0.258 af Reach 20R: Overland Flow to 20P Avg. Flow Depth=0.11' Max Vel=6.11 fps Inflow=2.10 cfs 0.253 af

Reach 46R: Flow from Driveway Culvert Avg. Flow Depth=1.18' Max Vel=0.63 fps Inflow=3.39 cfs 0.411 af

n=0.013 L=244.0' S=0.0922 '/' Capacity=1,102.26 cfs Outflow=2,10 cfs 0,253 af

n=0.150 L=50.0' S=0.0074'/' Capacity=12.13 cfs Outflow=3.37 cfs 0.411 af

Post

Type III 24-hr 25 yr Rainfall=5.01"

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Pond 214P; CB 214P

Peak Elev=498.23' Inflow=2.50 cfs 0.258 af

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=45.0' S=0.0989 '/' Outflow=2.50 cfs 0.258 af

Pond 415P: Sediment Forebay 415P

Peak Elev=441.79' Storage=345 cf Inflow=1.52 cfs 0.142 af

Outflow=1.51 cfs 0.136 af

Link 50L: Flow to Abutters Map 7 Lots 36 & 36-1

Inflow=0.25 cfs 0.026 af

Primary=0.25 cfs 0.026 af

Post Prepared by Keach-Nordstr HydroCAD® 10.20-6a s/n 0104	• •	24-hr 50 yr Rainfall=5.89" Printed 11/3/2025 Page 9
Reach 210R: Overland Flow n=	to 20P Avg. Flow Depth=0.14' Max Vel=6.99 0.013 L=486.0' S=0.0874'/' Capacity=1,073.41 c	
Pond 10P: Existing CB		Inflow=4.05 cfs 0.435 af Primary=4.05 cfs 0.435 af
Pond 20P: Existing CB		Inflow=11.11 cfs 1.253 af Primary=11.11 cfs 1.253 af
Pond 21P: Infiltration Basin Discarded=0.13 cfs 0.155 af Prim	Peak Elev=469.82' Storage=3,50 nary=2.76 cfs 0.360 af Secondary=0.18 cfs 0.008 a	
Pond 22P: Pocket Pond 22P	Peak Elev=471.54' Storage=9,82 nary=3.07 cfs 0.594 af Secondary=0.00 cfs 0.000 a	
Pond 23P: Sediment Forebay	/23P Peak Elev=471.75' Storage=	0 cf Inflow=6.86 cfs 0.607 af Outflow=6.86 cfs 0.607 af
Pond 30P: Existing CB		Inflow=1.48 cfs 0.156 af Primary=1.48 cfs 0.156 af
Pond 40P: Existing CB		Inflow=5.65 cfs 0.882 af Primary=5.65 cfs 0.882 af
Pond 41P: Pocket Pond 41P	Peak Elev=441.67' Storage=9,718	8 cf Inflow=2.92 cfs 0.263 af Outflow=1.07 cfs 0.248 af
Pond 42P: CB 42P	Peak Elev=443 18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=17.0' S=0.0782	.99' Inflow=2.06 cfs 0.189 af '/' Outflow=2.06 cfs 0.189 af
Pond 43P: CB 43P	Peak Elev=446. 18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=38.0' S=0.0526	.26' Inflow=1.74 cfs 0.159 af '/' Outflow=1.74 cfs 0.159 af
Pond 44P: DMH 44P	Peak Elev=453. 15.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=79.0' S=0.0886	.49' Inflow=1.05 cfs 0.080 af '/' Outflow=1.05 cfs 0.080 af
Pond 45P: CB 45P	Peak Elev=466. 15.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=64.0' S=0.1219	25' Inflow=0.92 cfs 0.070 af '/' Outflow=0.92 cfs 0.070 af
Pond 46P: Driveway Culvert	Peak Elev=433. 12.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=31.0' S=0.0161	71' Inflow=5.09 cfs 0.582 af '/' Outflow=5.09 cfs 0.582 af
Pond 211P: DMH 211P	Peak Elev=473. 18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=128.0' S=0.0078	88' Inflow=3.51 cfs 0.351 af /' Outflow=3.53 cfs 0.351 af

Peak Elev=480.14' Inflow=3.51 cfs 0.351 af

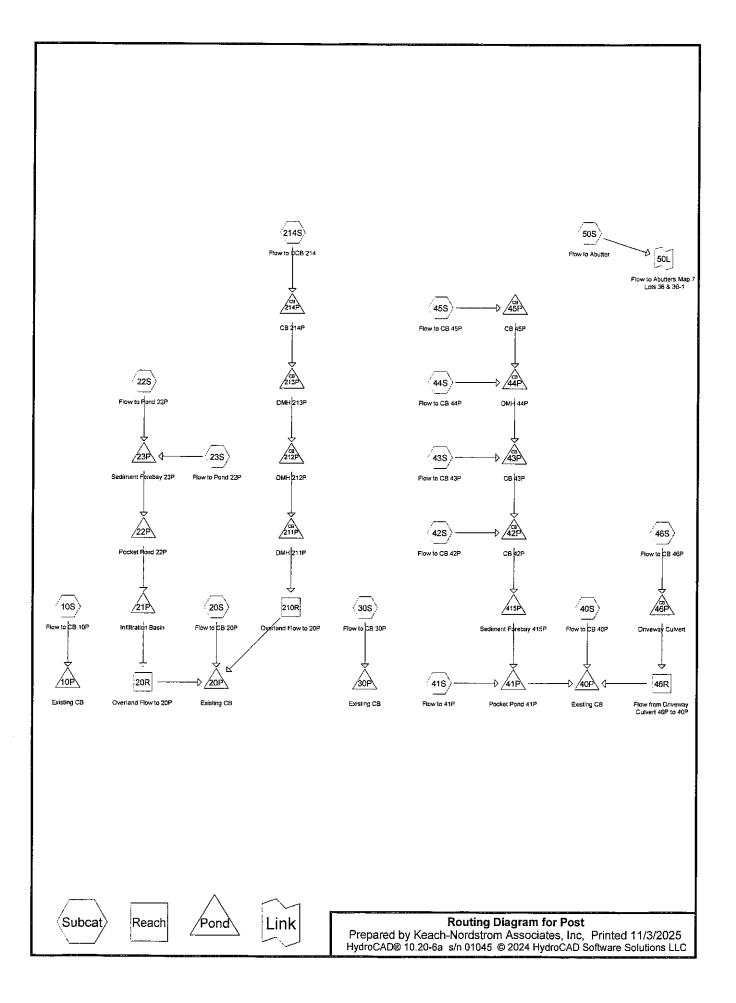
Peak Elev=488.94' Inflow=3.51 cfs 0.351 af

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=43.0' S=0.0988 '/' Outflow=3.51 cfs 0.351 af

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=38.0' S=0.1066 '/' Outflow=3.51 cfs 0.351 af

Pond 212P: DMH 212P

Pond 213P: DMH 213P



Area Listing (all nodes)

Area (acres)	CN	Description (subcatchment-numbers)
1.300	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A (20S, 22S, 23S, 40S, 41S, 42S, 43S, 44S, 46S)
2.775	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B (10S, 20S, 22S, 23S, 30S, 41S, 42S, 43S, 44S,
2.710	0.	45S, 46S, 214S)
1.025	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D (20S, 22S, 30S, 40S, 41S, 42S, 43S, 45S, 46S,
		214S)
0.044	96	Gravel surface, HSG B (46S, 50S)
0.605	98	Paved parking, HSG A (22S, 23S, 30S, 40S, 41S, 42S, 43S, 44S, 46S)
0.502	98	Paved parking, HSG B (10S, 20S, 22S, 23S, 42S, 43S, 44S, 45S)
0.008	98	Paved parking, HSG D (40S, 46S)
0.065	98	Roofs, HSG A (22S, 23S)
0.159	98	Roofs, HSG B (22S, 23S)
0.001	98	Roofs, HSG D (22S)
0.183	98	Water Surface, HSG C (10S, 20S)
1.742	30	Woods, Good, HSG A (10S, 20S, 22S, 30S, 46S)
6.103	55	Woods, Good, HSG B (10S, 20S, 22S, 43S, 46S, 50S, 214S)
2.632	77	Woods, Good, HSG D (10S, 20S, 22S, 30S, 43S, 46S, 50S, 214S)
17.143	61	TOTAL AREA

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Ground Covers (all nodes)

HSG-A (acres)	HSG-B (acres)	HSG-C (acres)	HSG-D (acres)	Other (acres)	Total (acres)	Ground Cover	Subcatchment Numbers
1.300	2.775	0.000	1.025	0.000	5.100	>75% Grass cover, Good	10S,
						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	20S,
							22S,
							23S,
							30S,
							40S,
							41S,
							42S,
							438,
							44S,
							45 S,
							46S,
							214S
0.000	0.044	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.044	Gravel surface	46S,
							50S
0.605	0.502	0.000	0.008	0.000	1.114	Paved parking	10S,
							20S,
							22S,
							23S,
							30S,
							40S,
							41S,
							42S,
							43S,
							44S,
							45S,
0.065	0.450	0.000	0.004	0.000	0.004	D (-	46S
0.000	0.159	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.224	Roofs	22S,
0.000	0.000	0.183	0.000	0.000	0.400	Mates Custons	23S
0.000	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.183	Water Surface	10\$,
1.742	6.103	0.000	2.632	0.000	10.477	Moode Cood	20S
1.142	0.103	0.000	2.032	0.000	10.477	Woods, Good	10S, 20S,
							20S, 22S,
							22S, 30S,
							43S,
							435, 46S,
							50S,
							214S
3.712	9.582	0.183	3.666	0.000	17 1/13	TOTAL AREA	£ 17U
J., 12	0.002	0.100	3.000	0.000	17.143	TOTAL AINLA	

Post Prepared by Keach-Nordstrom Associates, Inc HydroCAD® 10.20-6a s/n 01045 © 2024 HydroCAD Software Solutions L	Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=4.04" Printed 11/3/2025 LC Page 7
Reach 210R: Overland Flow to 20P Avg. Flow Depth=0.09' Ma n=0.013 L=486.0' S=0.0874 '/' Capacity=	x Vel=5.38 fps Inflow=1.50 cfs 0.166 af :1,073.41 cfs Outflow=1.48 cfs 0.166 af
Pond 10P: Existing CB	Inflow=1.93 cfs 0.219 af Primary=1.93 cfs 0.219 af
Pond 20P: Existing CB	Inflow=4.22 cfs 0.599 af Primary=4.22 cfs 0.599 af
Pond 21P: Infiltration BasinPeak Elev=469.75' StormDiscarded=0.13 cfs 0.140 af Primary=1.23 cfs 0.142 af Secondary=0.00 cfs	orage=3,378 cf Inflow=1.43 cfs 0.344 af cfs 0.000 af Outflow=1.36 cfs 0.283 af
Pond 22P: Pocket Pond 22P Peak Elev=470.82' Sto Primary=1.43 cfs 0.344 af Secondary=0.00	orage=7,304 cf Inflow=3.91 cfs 0.349 af cfs 0.000 af Outflow=1.43 cfs 0.344 af
Pond 23P: Sediment Forebay 23P Peak Elev=471.52	Storage=0 cf Inflow=3.91 cfs 0.349 af Outflow=3.91 cfs 0.349 af
Pond 30P: Existing CB	Inflow=0.87 cfs 0.092 af Primary=0.87 cfs 0.092 af
Pond 40P: Existing CB	Inflow=2.14 cfs 0.402 af Primary=2.14 cfs 0.402 af
Pond 41P: Pocket Pond 41P Peak Elev=440.99' Sto	orage=7,705 cf Inflow=1.39 cfs 0.127 af Outflow=0.21 cfs 0.120 af
	Elev=443.77' Inflow=0.98 cfs 0.096 af S=0.0782 '/' Outflow=0.98 cfs 0.096 af
	Elev=446.05' Inflow=0.78 cfs 0.079 af S=0.0526 '/' Outflow=0.78 cfs 0.079 af
	S=0.0886 '/' Outflow=0.47 cfs 0.040 af
	S=0.1219 '/' Outflow=0.40 cfs 0.034 af
Pond 46P: Driveway Culvert Peak 12.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=31.0"	Elev=431.83' Inflow=1.79 cfs 0.250 af S=0.0161 '/' Outflow=1.79 cfs 0.250 af
Pond 211P: DMH 211P Peak 18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=128.0"	Elev=473.64' Inflow=1.49 cfs 0.166 af S=0.0078 '/' Outflow=1.50 cfs 0.166 af
Pond 212P: DMH 212P Peak	Elev=479.80' Inflow=1.49 cfs 0.166 af

Pond 213P: DMH 213P

18.0" Round Culvert $\,$ n=0.013 L=43.0' S=0.0988 '/' Outflow=1.49 cfs 0.166 af

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=38.0' S=0.1066 '/' Outflow=1.49 cfs 0.166 af

Peak Elev=488.60' Inflow=1.49 cfs 0.166 af

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Summary for Subcatchment 10S: Flow to CB 10P

Runoff 1.93 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 0.219 af, Depth> 0.82"

Routed to Pond 10P: Existing CB

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfali=4.04"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN D	escription							
		3,674	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG E	3					
		6,224	61 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B							
		801	98 V	Vater Surfa	ace, HSG C						
		49,768	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A						
		39,726	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B						
_		38,537	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D						
	1	38,730	٧	Veighted A	verage	***					
	1	34,255	96.77% Pervious Area								
		4,475	3	.23% Impe	ervious Are	a					
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description					
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
	9.0	100	0.2100	0.19		Sheet Flow,					
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 2.78"					
	8.9	1,035	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,					
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
	17.9	1,135	Total								

Summary for Subcatchment 20S: Flow to CB 20P

Runoff 2.65 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 0.291 af, Depth> 1.49"

Routed to Pond 20P: Existing CB

Area (sf)	CN	Description
8,155	98	Paved parking, HSG B
7,166	98	Water Surface, HSG C
7,214	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
39,175	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
12,295	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
2,837	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
8,405	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
17,051	77	Woods, Good, HSG D
102,298		Weighted Average
86,977		85.02% Pervious Area
15,321		14.98% Impervious Area

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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=4.04"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description			
4,494 39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
	2,498	61 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B	
	1,562	98 F	Roofs, HSG	θA		
	3,736	98 F	Roofs, HSC	βB		
	10,202	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG A	1	
	7,441	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG E	3	
	29,933	V	Veighted A	verage		
	6,992	2	3.36% Pe	rvious Area	l	
	22,941	7	6.64% Imp	pervious Ar	ea	
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
1.7	100	0.0100	0.97		Sheet Flow,	
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 2.78"	
2.1	312	0.0150	2.49		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps	
3.8	412	Total.	ncreased t	o minimum	n Tc = 6.0 min	

Summary for Subcatchment 30S: Flow to CB 30P

Runoff = 0.87 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume=

0.092 af, Depth> 2.25"

Routed to Pond 30P: Existing CB

	Area (sf)	CN I	Description					
	5,038	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A				
	214	61 :	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B			
4,495 80 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D								
	995	30 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG A				
	10,665	77 \	<u> Noods, Go</u>	<u>od, HSG D</u>				
	21,407	1	Neighted A	verage				
	16,369	-	76.47% Pe	rvious Area	l			
	5,038	2	23.53% Impervious Area					
_	_							
To		Slope	,	Capacity	Description			
<u>(min</u>		(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
11.6	5 50	0.0100	0.07		Sheet Flow,			
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.78"			
6.2	2 260	0.0100	0.70		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
17.8	3 310	Total						

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Summary for Subcatchment 42S: Flow to CB 42P

Runoff = 0.19 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume=

0.017 af, Depth> 1.31"

Routed to Pond 42P: CB 42P

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=4.04"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description						
	1,038	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A					
	844	98 F	Paved parking, HSG B						
	3,444	39 >	>75% Ġras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A				
	1,216	61 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B				
	293	80 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	pod, HSG D				
	6,835	1	Neighted A	verage					
	4,953	7	72.47% Pe	rviouš Area					
	1,882	2	27.53% lm _j	pervious Ar	ea				
			·						
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
8.0	100	0.2800	0.21		Sheet Flow,				
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 2.78"				
0.1	28	0.1070	4.91		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
			_		Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps				
8.1	128	Total	· · ·						

Summary for Subcatchment 43S: Flow to CB 43P

Runoff = 0.37 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume=

0.039 af, Depth> 1.05"

Routed to Pond 43P: CB 43P

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,222	98	Paved parking, HSG A
158	98	Paved parking, HSG B
2,678	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
4,288	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
1,094	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
8,779	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
462	77	Woods, Good, HSG D
19,681		Weighted Average
17,301		87.91% Pervious Area
2,380		12.09% Impervious Area

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	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	4.4	100	0.1800	0.38		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 2.78"
	0.3	59	0.2540	3.53		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	47	159	Total li	ocreased t	o minimum	Tc = 6.0 min

Summary for Subcatchment 46S: Flow to CB 46P

Runoff =

1.79 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume=

0.250 af, Depth> 0.65"

Routed to Pond 46P: Driveway Culvert

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=4.04"

P	rea (sf)	CN [Description	l					
<u></u>	4,985		Paved parking, HSG A						
	13		Paved parking, HSG D						
	10,529				ood, HSG A				
	8,295	61 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B						
	2,562	80 >	·75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D				
	20,733		•	od, HSG A					
•	144,199		•	od, HSG B					
	1,414		Gravel surface, HSG B						
	8,574			<u>od, HSG D</u>					
	201,304		Veighted A						
•	196,306			rvious Area					
	4,998	2	1.48% Impe	ervious Are	a				
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	Description				
9.0	100	0.2100	0.19		Sheet Flow,				
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 2.78"				
8.7	1,011	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow				
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
17.7	1,111	Total							

Summary for Subcatchment 50S: Flow to Abutter

Runoff = 0.13 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume=

0.016 af, Depth> 0.74"

Routed to Link 50L: Flow to Abutters Map 7 Lots 36 & 36-1

Post

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Peak Storage= 58 cf @ 12.52 hrs

Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.09', Surface Width= 4.14'

Defined Flood Depth= 2.25' Flow Area= 31.7 sf, Capacity= 1,396.82 cfs

Bank-Full Depth= 2.00' Flow Area= 26.7 sf, Capacity= 1,102.26 cfs

20.00' x 2.00' deep Parabolic Channel, n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior

Length= 244.0' Slope= 0.0922 '/'

Inlet Invert= 453.50', Outlet Invert= 431.00'



Summary for Reach 46R: Flow from Driveway Culvert 46P to 40P

Inflow Area = 4.621 ac, 2.48% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.65" for 10 yr event

Inflow = 1.79 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 0.250 af

Outflow = 1.78 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 0.250 af, Atten= 1%, Lag= 1.3 min

Routed to Pond 40P: Existing CB

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs / 3

Max. Velocity= 0.54 fps, Min. Travel Time= 1.6 min

Avg. Velocity = 0.21 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 3.9 min

Peak Storage= 167 cf @ 12.32 hrs

Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.90', Surface Width= 6.40'

Bank-Full Depth= 2.00' Flow Area= 14.0 sf, Capacity= 12.13 cfs

1.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.150 Sheet flow over Short Grass

Side Slope Z-value= 3.0 '/' Top Width= 13.00'

Length= 50.0' Slope= 0.0074 '/'

inlet Invert= 430.50', Outlet Invert= 430.13'



Summary for Reach 210R: Overland Flow to 20P

[80] Warning: Exceeded Pond 211P by 2.09' @ 0.00 hrs (9.57 cfs 1.719 af)

Inflow Area = 1.948 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.02" for 10 yr event

Inflow = 1.50 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 0.166 af

Outflow = 1.48 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 0.166 af, Atten= 1%, Lag= 1.9 min

Routed to Pond 20P: Existing CB

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Inflow Area = 2.456 ac, 26.10% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.68" for 10 yr event

Inflow = 1.43 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Volume= 0.344 af

Outflow = 1.36 cfs @ 12.51 hrs, Volume= 0.283 af, Atten= 5%, Lag= 12.8 min

Discarded = 0.13 cfs @ 12.51 hrs, Volume= 0.140 af Primary = 1.23 cfs @ 12.51 hrs, Volume= 0.142 af

Routed to Reach 20R : Overland Flow to 20P

Secondary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af

Routed to Reach 20R: Overland Flow to 20P

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs / 3

Peak Elev= 469.75' @ 12.51 hrs Surf.Area= 1,822 sf Storage= 3,378 cf

Flood Elev= 470.00' Surf.Area= 1,983 sf Storage= 3,854 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 140.7 min calculated for 0.283 af (82% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 62.0 min (898.4 - 836.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.St	orage	_Storage Descriptio	n			
#1	466.00'	3,	854 cf	Custom Stage Da	ta (Irregular)Listed	below (Recalc)		
Elevatio		rf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)		
466.0 468.0 470.0)0)0	238 887 1,983	61.0 160.0 201.0	0 1,056 2,797	0 1,056 3,854	238 1,993 3,225		
Device	Routing	Inver	t Outle	et Devices				
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	466.00 465.00	' 18.0 ' L= 2 Inlet	000 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area .0" Round Culvert 25.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 et / Outlet Invert= 465.00' / 464.75' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 1.77 sf				
#3	Device 2	469.65	X 10	x 2.0" Horiz. Grate rows C= 0.600 in 3 ted to weir flow at lo	6.0" x 36.0" Grate (31% open area)		
#4	Secondary	46 9.75	4.0' I Head 2.50 Coef	long x 6.0' breadth d (feet) 0.20 0.40 (3.00 3.50 4.00 4.	Display Broad-Crested R Display Display Broad Display Broad Broad Display Broad Displa	20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.67 2.65 2.65 2.65		

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.13 cfs @ 12.51 hrs HW=469.75' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.13 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=1.23 cfs @ 12.51 hrs HW=469.75' TW=453.59' (Dynamic Tailwater)

2=Culvert (Passes 1.23 cfs of 17.02 cfs potential flow)

1—3=Grate (Weir Controls 1.23 cfs @ 1.03 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=466.00' TW=453.50' (Dynamic Tailwater) 4=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Primary OutFlow Max=1.43 cfs @ 12.29 hrs HW=470.75' TW=469.55' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Passes 1.43 cfs of 4.14 cfs potential flow)

-2=5" Orifices (Orifice Controls 1.43 cfs @ 5.25 fps)

-3=5" Orifices (Controls 0.00 cfs)

-4=Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

-5=Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=469.35' TW=466.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1-6=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond 23P: Sediment Forebay 23P

Inflow Area = 2.456 ac, 26.10% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.71" for 10 yr event

Inflow 3.91 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.349 af

Outflow 3.91 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.349 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary 3.91 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.349 af

Routed to Pond 22P: Pocket Pond 22P

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs / 3

Peak Elev= 471.52' @ 12.11 hrs Surf.Area= 501 sf Storage= 0 cf

Flood Elev= 472.00' Surf.Area= 650 sf Storage= 0 cf

Plug-Flow detention time=(not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stora	ge Storage Descrip	otion					
#1	469.00'	0		Custom Stage Data (Irregular)Listed below (Recalc) 792 cf Overall x 0.0% Voids					
Elevation (feet)	Surf. <i>A</i> (se		im. Inc.Store et) (cubic-feet)		Wet.Area (sq-ft)				
460.00		2 4	0.0						

-ft) (feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)
3 16.6	0	0	3
35 65.6	53	53	326
63 86.1	240	292	585
550 105.0	500	792	888
	-ft) (feet) 3 16.6 35 65.6 63 86.1	-ft) (feet) (cubic-feet) 3 16.6 0 35 65.6 53 63 86.1 240	-ft) (feet) (cubic-feet) (cubic-feet) 3 16.6 0 0 35 65.6 53 53 63 86.1 240 292

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	471.00'	4.0' long x 4.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50
			Coef. (English) 2.38 2.54 2.69 2.68 2.67 2.67 2.65 2.66 2.66

2.68 2.72 2.73 2.76 2.79 2.88 3.07 3.32

Primary OutFlow Max=3.87 cfs @ 12.11 hrs HW=471.51' TW=470.32' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 3.87 cfs @ 1.88 fps)

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	437.00'	18.0" Round Culvert
			L= 24.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 437.00' / 435.00' S= 0.0833 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 1.77 sf
#2	Device 1	440.10'	3.0" Vert. 3" Orifice C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads
#3	Device 1	441.60'	2.0" x 2.0" Horiz. Grate X 10.00 columns
			X 10 rows C= 0.600 in 36.0" x 36.0" Grate (31% open area)
			Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=0.21 cfs @ 12.97 hrs HW=440.99' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Passes 0.21 cfs of 15.31 cfs potential flow)

2=3" Orifice (Orifice Controls 0.21 cfs @ 4.20 fps)

-3=Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond 42P: CB 42P

Inflow Area = 1.023 ac, 13.11% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.13" for 10 yr event

Inflow = 0.98 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.096 af

Outflow = 0.98 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.096 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary = 0.98 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.096 af

Routed to Pond 415P: Sediment Forebay 415P

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs / 3

Peak Elev= 443.77' @ 12.12 hrs

Flood Elev= 447.18'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	443.33'	18.0" Round Culvert
			L= 17.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 443.33' / 442.00' S= 0.0782 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 1.77 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=0.97 cfs @ 12.12 hrs HW=443.77' TW=441.72' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Culvert (Inlet Controls 0.97 cfs @ 2.26 fps)

Summary for Pond 43P: CB 43P

Inflow Area = 0.866 ac, 10.50% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.09" for 10 yr event

Inflow = 0.78 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.079 af

Outflow = 0.78 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.079 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary = 0.78 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.079 af

Routed to Pond 42P: CB 42P

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs / 3

Peak Elev= 446.05' @ 12.12 hrs

Flood Elev= 449.41'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	445.66'	18.0" Round Culvert
			I = 38.0' RCP square edge headwall. Ke= 0.500

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Summary for Pond 46P: Driveway Culvert

Inflow Area = 4.621 ac, 2.48% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.65" for 10 yr event

inflow = 1.79 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 0.250 af

Outflow = 1.79 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 0.250 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary = 1.79 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 0.250 af Routed to Reach 46R : Flow from Driveway Culvert 46P to 40P

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs / 3

Peak Elev= 431.83' @ 12.31 hrs

Flood Elev= 432.50'

#1 Primary

#2 431.00'

#3 1.00'

#4 Primary

#4 431.00'

#4 12.0" Round Culvert

L= 31.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500

Inlet / Outlet Invert= 431.00' / 430.50' S= 0.0161'/' Cc= 0.900

n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=1.79 cfs @ 12.30 hrs HW=431.83' TW=431.40' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Culvert (Outlet Controls 1.79 cfs @ 3.47 fps)

Summary for Pond 211P: DMH 211P

[90] Warning: Qout>Qin may require smaller dt or Finer Routing

[87] Warning: Oscillations may require smaller dt or Finer Routing (severity=195)

Inflow Area = 1.948 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.02" for 10 yr event

Inflow = 1.49 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 0.166 af

Outflow = 1.50 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 0.166 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary = 1.50 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 0.166 af

Routed to Reach 210R: Overland Flow to 20P

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 473.64' @ 12.25 hrs

Flood Elev= 479.08'

Device Routing Invert Outlet Devices

#1 Primary 471.25' 18.0" Round Culvert
L= 128.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
Inlet / Outlet Invert= 471.25' / 470.25' S= 0.0078'/' Cc= 0.900
n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 1.77 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=1.48 cfs @ 12.22 hrs HW=473.64' TW=473.59' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Culvert (Outlet Controls 1.48 cfs @ 0.84 fps)

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Peak Elev= 498.05' @ 12.23 hrs Flood Elev= 504.00'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	497.50'	18.0" Round Culvert L= 45.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 497.50' / 493.05' S= 0.0989 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior. Flow Area= 1.77 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=1.49 cfs @ 12.23 hrs HW=498.05' TW=488.60' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Culvert (Inlet Controls 1.49 cfs @ 2.53 fps)

Summary for Pond 415P: Sediment Forebay 415P

Inflow Area = 1.023 ac, 13.11% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.13" for 10 yr event
Inflow = 0.98 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.096 af
Outflow = 0.96 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.090 af, Atten= 1%, Lag= 0.9 min
Primary = 0.96 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.090 af
Routed to Pond 41P : Pocket Pond 41P

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 441.72' @ 12.14 hrs Surf.Area= 371 sf Storage= 318 cf Flood Elev= 442.00' Surf.Area= 454 sf Storage= 435 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 58.4 min calculated for 0.090 af (94% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 26.1 min (853.9 - 827.8)

Volume	Inv	<u>ert Avail</u>	.Storage	Storage Description	<u>1</u>		
#1	439.	50'	435 cf	Custom Stage Dat	ta (Irregular)Listed	below (Recalc)	
Elevation (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
439.5 441.5 442.0	50	7 313 454	13.1 89.1 98.5	0 245 191	0 245 435	7 633 781	
Device	Routing	Inv	ert Outle	et Devices			
#1	Primary	441.	Head 2.50 Coef	3.00 3.50 4.00 4.5	0.60 0.80 1.00 1.2 50 5.00 5.50 4 2.69 2.68 2.67	20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.67 2.65 2.66 2.66	

Primary OutFlow Max=0.96 cfs @ 12.14 hrs HW=441.72' TW=440.58' (Dynamic Tailwater)
1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir(Weir Controls 0.96 cfs @ 1.11 fps)

19. RIPRAP APRON CALCULATIONS



RIP RAP OUTLET PROTECTION APRON CALCULATIONS

The purpose of this spreadsheet is to calculate the dimensions of intest/Outlet Protection apron (riprap) required during the SCS/NRCS_50-year type III 24-hr storm event. The splitway weir(s) intestoutlet apron protection will be sized for the SCS/NRCS 50-year type III 24-hr storm event. Jennesstown Manor 24-0307-1

9/9/2025

peak flow in CFS diameter in feet of outlet or width of channel tall water at end of apron თ გ≱

Required Input:

Depending on the tail water conditions, either column 1 or column 2 is used for calculations

Column Two where Tw>1/2Do La = 3*Q/Do^3/2+7Do W1 = 3*Do W2 = 3*Do+0.4*La Column One where Tw<1/2Do La = (1.8Q/Do^3/2)+7Do Width of Apron at outfall W1 = 3*Do W2 = 3*Do + La Length of Apron

If defined channel, then use channel width for W1 and W2

Rock Rip Rap Size: d50 = (0.02*Q^4/3)/(Tw*Do)

RIRAP GRADATION ENVELOPE

Calculation Summary Table:	mary Table:										d100	<u> </u>	dB5		920	L	415	Г		asn	ļ.	
Input to Chart		Q-25**			Calculated Output	ulpui	W2			USE I	FROM	2	FROM	O FR	MO I	J FRC	M TO	depth	FROM TO FROM TO depth Depth	Length	×	W2
Description (Optional)	tionat)	(cts)	(cfs) Do (ft) Tw (ft)	Tw (ft)	La	W	no channel d50, ft d50 in	d50, ft	d50 in	d50 in.	Ē	ë	ē	= 	<u>:</u>	ء.	.5	=	Ë	ŧ	ŧ	نع
41P	41P Pond Outlet	0.26	1.50 0.75	0.75	11	2	15	0.0	0.04	4	9	8	5		4	_	2	2	10	7	40	ŧ
21P	Infiltration Pond Outlet	2.22	1.50	92'0	13	S	11	0.1	0.62	ıΩ	κο	5	7	 م	8	2	6	12.5	5	£1	vo.	17
22P	22P Pocket Pond Outlet	2.23	2.23 1.00	0.50	11	ю	41	1.0	1.40	ص	6	12	8	=	6	2	m —	15	15	Ξ	6	#
211P	211P Outlet Head Wall #210	2.48	2.48 1.50 0.75	0.75	13	5	17	0.1	0.72	3	5	9	4	L S	3	_	2	7.5	80	13	5	1

* Center Apron with Headwall and Outlet Pipe (All Cases)
* Line Apron with 6.0 oz. Geotextile Fabric (All Cases)
**Q-100 Used When no Flow is Present in the Q-10

20. SWALE RIPRAP CALCULATIONS

21. SITE SPECIFIC SOIL SURVEY REPORT

OPEN CHANNEL FLOW DESIGN/ANALYSIS D₅₀ RIPRAP SIZING-FLOW REGIME-FILTER GRADATION CHECK PROJECT NAME: Jennesstown Manor, Warner, NH PROJECT #: 23S Swale to Pond 22 BY: JL CHECKED BY: 25-Yr DATE: 11/3/2025 STORM: DATE: UNIFORM STEADY CHANNEL FLOW: PEAK DISCHARGE REQUIRED = 2.7 CFS 0.0 FT (USE 0 IF SECTION IS A "V" DITCH) CHANNEL BOTTOM WIDTH = HYDRAULIC GRADIENT = 0.01000 FT/FT 3.0 :1 LEFT SIDE SLOPE = RIGHT SIDE SLOPE = 3.0 :1 0.320 FT DEPTH OF FLOW = MANNINGS "n" = 0.0230 (CHECK RIPRAP SIZING "n" BELOW) 0.31 SQ FT AREA = WETTED PERIMETER = 2.02 FT 0.15 FT **HYDRAULIC RADIUS =** 1.92 FT TOP WIDTH = 1.84 FT/SEC VELOCITY = 0.6 CFS PEAK DISC. DETERMINED = RIPRAP SIZING, TRAPEZOIDAL SECTION: D₅₀ = 0.0352 FT 0.0238 (ADJUST DESIGN/ANALYSIS "n" ABOVE) NEW "n" = [RIPRAP SIZING, "V" DITCH: $D_{50} =$ 0.0481 FT NEW "n" = 0.0230 (ADJUST DESIGN/ANALYSIS "n" ABOVE) FLOW REGIME: Nf <=0.7, SUB CRITICAL FLOW Nf = 0.810 Nf > 0.7 BUT < 1.3. CRITICAL FLOW ZONE Nf >1.3, SUPER CRITICAL FLOW IF Nf>=0.7 A HYDRAULIC JUMP WILL PROBABLY OCCUR, DESIGN ACCORDINGLY TO AVOID MOVEMENT OF PARTICLES: Filter fabric required beneath the rock FORMULAS USED: UNIFORM CHANNEL FLOW, $Q = (A \times 1.486 \times R^{2/3}) \times S^{1/2} / "n"$ FLOW REGIME, Nf= $(Q \times T^{(1/2)})/(A^{(3/2)} \times g^{(1/2)})$ RIPRAP SIZING, TRAPEZDL., ((118 X Q X S^(13/6) X R/P)^(2/5) RIPRAP SIZING, "V", ((64.4 X Q X S^(13/6) X (Z/(Z^2 + 1))^(2/5) NEW RIPRAP "n", (D. OF F.^(1/6)/(21.6 X LOG(D. OF F./D50)+14) REFERENCES: KING'S HANDBOOK OF HYDRAULICS AND NCHRP-REPORT 108

OPEN CHANNEL FLOW DESIGN/ANALYSIS D₅₀ RIPRAP SIZING-FLOW REGIME-FILTER GRADATION CHECK PROJECT NAME: Jennesstown Manor, Warner, NH PROJECT #: 23S Swale to Pond 22 BY: JL CHECKED BY: DATE: 11/3/2025 STORM: 25-Yr DATE: UNIFORM STEADY CHANNEL FLOW: PEAK DISCHARGE REQUIRED = 2.7 CFS CHANNEL BOTTOM WIDTH = 0.0 FT (USE 0 IF SECTION IS A "V" DITCH) HYDRAULIC GRADIENT = 0.01000 FT/FT LEFT SIDE SLOPE = 3.0|:1 RIGHT SIDE SLOPE = 3.0 :1 DEPTH OF FLOW = 0.320 FT MANNINGS "n" = 0.0230 (CHECK RIPRAP SIZING "n" BELOW) 0.31 SQ FT AREA = WETTED PERIMETER = 2.02 FT 0.15 FT **HYDRAULIC RADIUS =** TOP WIDTH = 1.92 FT 1.84 FT/SEC VELOCITY = PEAK DISC. DETERMINED = 0.6 CFS RIPRAP SIZING, TRAPEZOIDAL SECTION: $D_{50} =$ 0.0352 FT NEW "n" = 0.0238 (ADJUST DESIGN/ANALYSIS "n" ABOVE) RIPRAP SIZING, "V" DITCH: $D_{50} =$ 0.0481 FT NEW "n" = 0.0230 (ADJUST DESIGN/ANALYSIS "n" ABOVE) FLOW REGIME: Nf <=0.7, SUB CRITICAL FLOW Nf = 0.810 Nf > 0.7 BUT < 1.3, CRITICAL FLOW ZONE Nf >1.3, SUPER CRITICAL FLOW IF Nf>=0.7 A HYDRAULIC JUMP WILL PROBABLY OCCUR, DESIGN ACCORDINGLY TO AVOID MOVEMENT OF PARTICLES: Filter fabric required beneath the rock FORMULAS USED: UNIFORM CHANNEL FLOW, Q = (A X 1.486 X R^(2/3) X S^(1/2))/"n" FLOW REGIME, Nf= $(Q \times T^{(1/2)})/(A^{(3/2)} \times g^{(1/2)})$ RIPRAP SIZING, TRAPEZDL., ((118 X Q X S^(13/6) X R/P)^(2/5) RIPRAP SIZING, "V", ((64.4 X Q X S^(13/6) X (Z/(Z^2 + 1))^(2/5) NEW RIPRAP "n", (D. OF F.^(1/6)/(21.6 X LOG(D. OF F./D50)+14)

REFERENCES: KING'S HANDBOOK OF HYDRAULICS AND NCHRP-REPORT 108

OPEN CHANNEL FLOW DESIGN/ANALYSIS D₅₀ RIPRAP SIZING-FLOW REGIME-FILTER GRADATION CHECK PROJECT NAME: Jennesstown Manor, Warner, NH PROJECT #: 23S Swale to Pond 22 BY: JL CHECKED BY: DATE: 11/3/2025 STORM: 25-Yr DATE: UNIFORM STEADY CHANNEL FLOW: PEAK DISCHARGE REQUIRED = 2.7 CFS CHANNEL BOTTOM WIDTH = 0.0 FT (USE 0 IF SECTION IS A "V" DITCH) 0.01000 FT/FT HYDRAULIC GRADIENT = LEFT SIDE SLOPE = 3.0 :1 RIGHT SIDE SLOPE = 3.01:1 DEPTH OF FLOW = 0.320 FT MANNINGS "n" = 0.0230 (CHECK RIPRAP SIZING "n" BELOW) 0.31 SQ FT AREA = WETTED PERIMETER = 2.02 FT 0.15 FT **HYDRAULIC RADIUS =** TOP WIDTH = 1.92 FT VELOCITY = 1.84 FT/SEC PEAK DISC. DETERMINED = 0.6 CFS RIPRAP SIZING, TRAPEZOIDAL SECTION: $D_{50} =$ 0.0352 FT 0.0238 (ADJUST DESIGN/ANALYSIS "n" ABOVE) NEW "n" = RIPRAP SIZING, "V" DITCH: $D_{50} =$ 0.0481 FT NEW "n" = 0.0230 (ADJUST DESIGN/ANALYSIS "n" ABOVE) FLOW REGIME: Nf <=0.7, SUB CRITICAL FLOW Nf = 0.810 Nf > 0.7 BUT < 1.3, CRITICAL FLOW ZONE Nf >1.3, SUPER CRITICAL FLOW IF Nf>=0.7 A HYDRAULIC JUMP WILL PROBABLY OCCUR, DESIGN ACCORDINGLY TO AVOID MOVEMENT OF PARTICLES: Filter fabric required beneath the rock FORMULAS USED: UNIFORM CHANNEL FLOW, Q = (A X 1.486 X R^(2/3) X S^(1/2))/"n" FLOW REGIME, Nf= $(Q \times T^{(1/2)})/(A^{(3/2)} \times g^{(1/2)})$ RIPRAP SIZING, TRAPEZDL., ((118 X Q X S^(13/6) X R/P)^(2/5) RIPRAP SIZING, "V", ((64.4 X Q X S^(13/6) X (Z/(Z^2 + 1))^(2/5) NEW RIPRAP "n", (D. OF F.^(1/6)/(21.6 X LOG(D. OF F./D50)+14)

REFERENCES: KING'S HANDBOOK OF HYDRAULICS AND NCHRP-REPORT 108

OPEN CHANNEL FLOW DESIGN/ANALYSIS D₅₀ RIPRAP SIZING-FLOW REGIME-FILTER GRADATION CHECK PROJECT NAME: Jennesstown Manor, Warner, NH PROJECT #: 22S Swale to Pond 22 BY: IJL CHECKED BY: DATE: 11/3/2025 STORM: 25-Yr DATE: UNIFORM STEADY CHANNEL FLOW: PEAK DISCHARGE REQUIRED = 3.0 CFS 0.0 FT (USE 0 IF SECTION IS A "V" DITCH) CHANNEL BOTTOM WIDTH = HYDRAULIC GRADIENT = 0.01000 FT/FT LEFT SIDE SLOPE = 3.01:1 RIGHT SIDE SLOPE = 3.0 :1 DEPTH OF FLOW = 0.150 FT MANNINGS "n" = 0.0203 (CHECK RIPRAP SIZING "n" BELOW) AREA = 0.07 SQ FT WETTED PERIMETER = 0.95 FT HYDRAULIC RADIUS = 0.07 FT TOP WIDTH = 0.90 FT VELOCITY = 1.26 FT/SEC 0.1 CFS PEAK DISC. DETERMINED = RIPRAP SIZING, TRAPEZOIDAL SECTION: $D_{50} = 1$ 0.0165 FT NEW "n" = 0.0210 (ADJUST DESIGN/ANALYSIS "n" ABOVE) RIPRAP SIZING, "V" DITCH: $D_{50} =$ 0.0225 FT NEW "n" = 0.0203 (ADJUST DESIGN/ANALYSIS "n" ABOVE) FLOW REGIME: Nf <=0.7, SUB CRITICAL FLOW Nf = 0.811 Nf > 0.7 BUT < 1.3, CRITICAL FLOW ZONE Nf >1.3, SUPER CRITICAL FLOW IF Nf>=0.7 A HYDRAULIC JUMP WILL PROBABLY OCCUR, DESIGN ACCORDINGLY TO AVOID MOVEMENT OF PARTICLES: Filter fabric required beneath the rock FORMULAS USED: UNIFORM CHANNEL FLOW, $Q = (A \times 1.486 \times R^{2/3}) \times S^{1/2} r''$ FLOW REGIME, Nf= $(Q \times T^{(1/2)})/(A^{(3/2)} \times g^{(1/2)})$ RIPRAP SIZING, TRAPEZDL., ((118 X Q X S^(13/6) X R/P)^(2/5) RIPRAP SIZING, "V", ((64.4 X Q X S^(13/6) X (Z/(Z^2 + 1))^(2/5) NEW RIPRAP "n", (D. OF F.^(1/6)/(21.6 X LOG(D. OF F./D50)+14)

OPEN CHANNEL FLOW DESIGN/ANALYSIS D₅₀ RIPRAP SIZING-FLOW REGIME-FILTER GRADATION CHECK PROJECT NAME: Jennesstown Manor, Warner, NH PROJECT #: 42S Swale to Pond 41 BY: JL CHECKED BY: DATE: 11/3/2025 STORM: 25-Yr DATE: UNIFORM STEADY CHANNEL FLOW: PEAK DISCHARGE REQUIRED = 0.3 CFS CHANNEL BOTTOM WIDTH = 0.0 FT (USE 0 IF SECTION IS A "V" DITCH) HYDRAULIC GRADIENT = 0.15000 FT/FT LEFT SIDE SLOPE = 3.0|:1 RIGHT SIDE SLOPE = 3.0|:1 DEPTH OF FLOW = 0.150 FT MANNINGS "n" = 0.0693 (CHECK RIPRAP SIZING "n" BELOW) AREA = 0.07 SQ FT WETTED PERIMETER = 0.95 FT 0.07 FT HYDRAULIC RADIUS = 0.90 FT TOP WIDTH = 1.43 FT/SEC VELOCITY = PEAK DISC. DETERMINED = 0.1 CFS RIPRAP SIZING, TRAPEZOIDAL SECTION: $D_{50} = 1$ 0.1812 FT 0.0596 (ADJUST DESIGN/ANALYSIS "n" ABOVE) NEW "n" = RIPRAP SIZING, "V" DITCH: $D_{50} =$ 0.2477 FT NEW "n" = 0.0692 (ADJUST DESIGN/ANALYSIS "n" ABOVE) FLOW REGIME: Nf <=0.7, SUB CRITICAL FLOW Nf = 0.919 Nf > 0.7 BUT < 1.3, CRITICAL FLOW ZONE Nf >1.3, SUPER CRITICAL FLOW IF Nf>=0.7 A HYDRAULIC JUMP WILL PROBABLY OCCUR, DESIGN ACCORDINGLY TO AVOID MOVEMENT OF PARTICLES: Filter fabric required beneath the rock FORMULAS USED: UNIFORM CHANNEL FLOW, $Q = (A \times 1.486 \times R^{2/3}) \times S^{1/2} r''$ FLOW REGIME, Nf= $(Q \times T^{(1/2)})/(A^{(3/2)} \times g^{(1/2)})$ RIPRAP SIZING, TRAPEZDL., ((118 X Q X S^(13/6) X R/P)^(2/5) RIPRAP SIZING, "V", ((64.4 X Q X S^(13/6) X (Z/(Z^2 + 1))^(2/5) NEW RIPRAP "n", (D. OF F.^(1/6)/(21.6 X LOG(D. OF F./D50)+14)

OPEN CHANNEL FLOW DESIGN/ANALYSIS D₅₀ RIPRAP SIZING-FLOW REGIME-FILTER GRADATION CHECK PROJECT NAME : Jennesstown Manor, Warner, NH PROJECT #: 43S Swale to CB 43 BY: JL CHECKED BY: DATE: 11/3/2025 STORM: 25-Yr DATE: UNIFORM STEADY CHANNEL FLOW: PEAK DISCHARGE REQUIRED = 0.6 CFS 0.0 FT (USE 0 IF SECTION IS A "V" DITCH) CHANNEL BOTTOM WIDTH = HYDRAULIC GRADIENT = 0.15000 FT/FT LEFT SIDE SLOPE = 3.01:1 RIGHT SIDE SLOPE = 3.0|:1 DEPTH OF FLOW = 0.130 FT 0.0676 (CHECK RIPRAP SIZING "n" BELOW) MANNINGS "n" = 0.05 SQ FT AREA = WETTED PERIMETER = 0.82 FT HYDRAULIC RADIUS = 0.06 FT TOP WIDTH = 0.78lFT VELOCITY = 1.33 FT/SEC PEAK DISC. DETERMINED = 0.1 CFS RIPRAP SIZING, TRAPEZOIDAL SECTION: $D_{50} =$ 0.1571 FT NEW "n" = 0.0582 (ADJUST DESIGN/ANALYSIS "n" ABOVE) RIPRAP SIZING, "V" DITCH: D₅₀ = 0.2147 FT NEW "n" = 0.0676 (ADJUST DESIGN/ANALYSIS "n" ABOVE) FLOW REGIME: Nf <=0.7, SUB CRITICAL FLOW Nf = 0.919 Nf > 0.7 BUT < 1.3, CRITICAL FLOW ZONE Nf >1.3, SUPER CRITICAL FLOW IF Nf>=0.7 A HYDRAULIC JUMP WILL PROBABLY OCCUR, DESIGN ACCORDINGLY TO AVOID MOVEMENT OF PARTICLES: Filter fabric required beneath the rock FORMULAS USED: UNIFORM CHANNEL FLOW, $Q = (A \times 1.486 \times R^{2/3}) \times S^{1/2} r''$ FLOW REGIME, Nf= $(Q \times T^{(1/2)})/(A^{(3/2)} \times g^{(1/2)})$ RIPRAP SIZING, TRAPEZDL., ((118 X Q X S^(13/6) X R/P)^(2/5) RIPRAP SIZING, "V", ((64.4 X Q X S^(13/6) X (Z/(Z^2 + 1))^(2/5) NEW RIPRAP "n", (D. OF F.^(1/6)/(21.6 X LOG(D. OF F./D50)+14)

OPEN CHANNEL FLOW DESIGN/ANALYSIS D₅₀ RIPRAP SIZING-FLOW REGIME-FILTER GRADATION CHECK PROJECT NAME : Jennesstown Manor, Warner, NH PROJECT #: 44S Swale to CB 44 BY: JL CHECKED BY: DATE: 11/3/2025 STORM: 25-Yr DATE: UNIFORM STEADY CHANNEL FLOW: PEAK DISCHARGE REQUIRED = 0.1 CFS CHANNEL BOTTOM WIDTH = 0.0 FT (USE 0 IF SECTION IS A "V" DITCH) HYDRAULIC GRADIENT = 0.15000 FT/FT LEFT SIDE SLOPE = 3.01:1 RIGHT SIDE SLOPE = 3.0 :1 DEPTH OF FLOW = 0.164 FT MANNINGS "n" = 0.0703 (CHECK RIPRAP SIZING "n" BELOW) AREA = 0.08 SQ FT WETTED PERIMETER = 1.04 FT HYDRAULIC RADIUS = 0.08 FT TOP WIDTH = 0.98 FT VELOCITY = 1.49 FT/SEC PEAK DISC. DETERMINED = 0.1 CFS RIPRAP SIZING, TRAPEZOIDAL SECTION: $D_{50} = 1$ 0.1981 FT NEW "n" = 0.0605 (ADJUST DESIGN/ANALYSIS "n" ABOVE) RIPRAP SIZING, "V" DITCH: $D_{50} =$ 0.2707 FT NEW "n" = 0.0703 (ADJUST DESIGN/ANALYSIS "n" ABOVE) FLOW REGIME: Nf <=0.7, SUB CRITICAL FLOW Nf = 0.919 Nf >0.7 BUT <1.3, CRITICAL FLOW ZONE Nf >1.3, SUPER CRITICAL FLOW IF Nf>=0.7 A HYDRAULIC JUMP WILL PROBABLY OCCUR, DESIGN ACCORDINGLY TO AVOID MOVEMENT OF PARTICLES: Filter fabric required beneath the rock **FORMULAS USED:** UNIFORM CHANNEL FLOW, Q = (A X 1.486 X R^(2/3) X S^(1/2))/"n" FLOW REGIME, Nf= (Q X $T^{(1/2)}$)/(A^(3/2) X $g^{(1/2)}$) RIPRAP SIZING, TRAPEZDL., ((118 X Q X S^(13/6) X R/P)^(2/5) RIPRAP SIZING, "V", ((64.4 X Q X S^(13/6) X (Z/(Z^2 + 1))^(2/5) NEW RIPRAP "n", (D. OF F.^(1/6)/(21.6 X LOG(D. OF F./D50)+14)



SITE-SPECIFIC SOIL SURVEY REPORT

Route 103

Warner

1. MAPPING STANDARDS

Site-Specific Soil Mapping Standards for New Hampshire and Vermont. SSSNNE Special Publication No. 3, Version 7.0, July 2021. This map product is within the technical standards of the National Cooperative Soil Survey. It is a special product, intended for the submission to NH DES Alteration of Terrain. It was produced by a professional soil scientist and is not a product of the USDA Natural Resource Conservation Service.

Hydrologic Soil Group was determined using SSSNNE Special Publication No. 5. Scale of soil map:

Approximately 1" equals 40'

Contours:

Intervals of 2 feet

2. DATE SOIL MAP PRODUCED

Date(s) of on-site field work: 11/23/24

Date(s) of test pits: 2/3/25

Test pits recorded by: Gifford Colburn, Keach Nordstrom

3. GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION AND SIZE OF SITE

City or town where soil mapping was conducted: Warner

Location: Route 103, Map 7, Lot 39 Size of area: approximately 10 acres Was the map for the entire lot? No

The area where the map was created is for the front, 10 acres of the lot. Tis portion of the lot has been recently cleared. Several areas of open rock outcrops and steep hillsides are present as, well as low areas within the topography. The site slopes steeply from the road up to the west. Several small wetlands are present.

4. PURPOSE OF THE SOIL MAP

Was the map prepared to meet the requirement of Alteration of Terrain? Yes If no, what was the purpose of the map?

Who was the map prepared for? Keach Nordstrom.

5. SOIL IDENTIFICATION LEGEND

SSSM SYM.	SSS MAP NAME	HISS SYM.	HYDROLOGIC SOIL GRP.
55	Hermon Very Stony	121	В
442	Chichester	221	В
58	Waumbek	321	A
829	Waumbek-Hermon Association	321	В
399	Ledge Outcrop	228	D
414	Moosilauke Poorly Drained	521	C



SLOPE PHASE:

0-8% B

8-15% C

15-25% D 25%+ E

55

Hermon Very Stony

121

B

The Hermon series consists of very deep, somewhat excessively drained soils on upland till plains, hills and ridges. These soils formed in glacial till. Estimated saturated hydraulic conductivity is high or very high throughout the mineral soil. Slopes ranges from 0 through 60 percent. These soils are dominated by sandy loam over loamy sand and sand. Some profiles have single grain sand to gravel and some cobble. No ESHWT was encountered within 60 inches and no significant ledge was encountered. These soils are found in a few isolated areas on the site.

Typical Profile

0-10" 10YR3/2, FSL, GR, FR

10-24" 7.5YR4/6, LS, GR, FR

24-72" 10YR4/3, FSL, GR, FR

72-108" 2.5Y5/3, S, GR, FR, Redox 20%

ESHWT 72

Observed Water None

Refusal None

442

Chichester

221

В

The Chichester series consists of very deep, well drained soils that formed in a loamy mantle overlying sandy till on glaciated hills, valley sides and till plains. Saturated hydraulic conductivity is moderately high or high in the solum and high or very high in the substratum. Slope ranges from 3 through 50 percent. These soils are found within the central portion of the site. No ESHWT was encountered within 40 inches and no significant ledge was encountered. Typical Profile

0-12" 10YR3/2, FSL, GR, FR

12-16" 7.5YR4/6, LS, GR, FR

16-55" 10YR5/3, FSL, GR, FR

55-90" 10YR4/2, S, GR, FR, Redox 20%

ESHWT 55

Observed Water None

Refusal None

58

Waumbek

321

Α

The Waumbek series consists of very deep, moderately well drained soils formed in stony, sandy till. They are on glaciated uplands. Permeability is moderately rapid or rapid in the solum and rapid in the substratum. These soils are found in the higher elevations on the site. They are dominated by sandy loam in the upper layers and underlain by loam y sand and sand. They have ESHWT between 15-40 inches and no significant ledge was encountered. These soils are found in the mid-slope areas of the site in the southern portion of the site.

603-583-1745

PO Box 356



Typical Profile 0-10" 10YR3/2, FSL, GR, FR 10-32" 7.5YR4/6, LS, GR, FR 32-108" 10YR6/23, FSL, GR, FR, Redox 20% ESHWT 32 Observed Water None Refusal None

Waumbek-Hermon Association 321 B

The Waumbek-Hermon Association is an overlapping soil type where the two individual series cannot be separated out into sizeable individual units. This series has an ESHWT between 15-40 inches and no significant ledge.

The Waumbek series consists of very deep, moderately well drained soils formed in stony, sandy till. They are on glaciated uplands. Permeability is moderately rapid or rapid in the solum and rapid in the substratum.

The Hermon series consists of very deep, somewhat excessively drained soils on upland till plains, hills and ridges. These soils formed in glacial till. Estimated saturated hydraulic conductivity is high or very high throughout the mineral soil.

399 Ledge Outcrop 228 D

Several areas of the site have steep rock slopes of either exposed ledge or ledge very close to the surface.

414 Moosilauke Poorly Drained 521 C

The Moosilauke series consists of very deep, poorly and somewhat poorly drained soils that formed in glacial outwash or drift in low depressions and shallow drainageway on uplands. Saturated hydraulic conductivity is high in the solum and high or very high in the substratum. Slope ranges from 0 to 15 percent. These are the small isolated wetlands found on the site.

6. RESPONSIBLE SOIL SCIENTIST

Name: Luke Hurley

Certified Soil Scientist Number: CSS #095

7. OTHER DISTINGUISHING FEATURES OF SITE

Is the site in a natural condition? The current mapping portion, yes.

8. Inclusions

No Inclusions were mapped.



22. INFILTRATION FEASIBILITY REPORT

INFILTRATION FEASIBILITY REPORT

Jenesstown Manor

Map 7; Lots 39 & 39-1 Route 103 Warner, New Hampshire

March 7, 2025

KNA Project No. 24-0307-1



TABLE OF CONTENTS:

- I. Location of Infiltration Practices
- II. Existing Topography
- III. Test Pit Locations
- IV. Seasonal High Water Table Elevation Summaries
- V. Infiltration Rate Summary
- VI. Profile Descriptions

I. Location of Practice

One infiltration practice is proposed for this project. An above ground infiltration pond (21P) is proposed on Map 7 Lot 39-1, but will handle runoff from Map 7 Lot 39 as well as Map 7 lot 39-1. There will a drainage and grading easement between these two lots.

II. Existing Topography

The existing grades on the site are primarily moderately steep (15-25%) or steep slopes (25%+) that slope northeasterly to Route 103.

III. Test Pit Locations

There were nine test pits performed for the area of development. Test Pit 2 was used for the design of the infiltration pond 21P.

IV. Seasonal High Water Table Elevation Summaries

The results from the Test Pit 2 performed is as follows:

Test Pit #2

The existing elevation of the ground

in the area of the practice = 468.89 (approx. original grade)

Distance to SHWT = 32" Elevation of SHWT = 464.22 Lowest Elevation of Test Pit = 456.89

Elevation of SHWT = 464.22

Required separation = 1.0 (prior treatment)

Bottom of infiltration practice = 466.00

The results from the test pit performed is as follows:

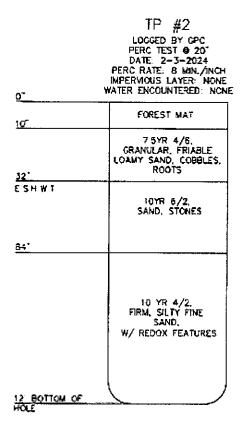
V. Infiltration Rate Summary

The infiltration rate for the Infiltration Pond 21P was calculated by the default method, as described in Env-Wq 1504.14. The practice is located in an area primarily identified in the Site-Specific Soil Survey as 58D – Waumbek. The area for the proposed infiltration system is natural undisturbed woodland, therefore the soil used to determine the infiltration was Waumbek.

The Ksat Values for New Hampshire Soils by USDA Natural for New Hampshire Soils, Society of Soil Scientists for Northern New England, Special Publication No. 5, September 2009, provides a value of the Waumbek soil type of 6.00 inches per hour. Using an applicable factor of safety of 2 at a conservative rate of 6 inches per hour, the infiltration rate utilized in the drainage analysis is 3.0 inches per hour.

VI. Profile Descriptions

Profile descriptions are provided as follows.



23. OPERATIONS AND MAINATENANCE PLAN WITH CHECKLIST

STORMWATER OPERATION & MAINTENANCE PLAN

Jennesstown Manor Route 103 Warner, New Hampshire Map 7 / Lots 39 & 39-1

March 7, 2025



I. General

Introduction

The project owner or their assigned heirs will maintain the stormwater treatment facilities after construction is completed. The Applicant of the project is Peacock Hill Road, LLC located at 145 Old Town Road Weare, NH. The Applicant will maintain the stormwater system.

The subject property is referenced on Map 7; Lots 39 and 39-1 in Warner, New Hampshire. Any transfer of responsibility for inspection and maintenance activities or transfer of ownership shall be documented to Warner in writing. The contract documents will require the contractor to designate a person responsible for maintenance of the sedimentation control features during construction. Long-term operation and maintenance for the stormwater management facilities are presented below.

Maintenance will be performed as described unless and until the system is formally accepted by a municipality or quasi-municipal district or is placed under the jurisdiction of a legally created association that will be responsible for the maintenance of the system.

Post Construction:

The following standards will be met after construction is complete:

Documentation:

A maintenance log will be kept summarizing inspections, maintenance, and any corrective actions taken. The log will include the date on which each inspection or maintenance task was performed, a description of the inspection findings or maintenance completed, and the name of the inspector or maintenance personnel performing the task. If a maintenance task requires the clean out of any sediments or debris, the location where the sediment and debris was disposed after removal will be indicated. The log will be made accessible to department and/or Warner staff and a copy provided upon request.

Outlet Protection:

Inspect the outlet protection annually for damage and deterioration.
 Repair damages immediately.

General:

- If any invasive species begin to grow in the stormwater management practices the species shall be disposed of in an appropriate manner that will not allow the pest to survive or spread. The disposal of such species shall be witnessed or approved by a state inspector. Methods for disposal may include, but not be limited to:
 - o Encapsulating the plant(s) in plastic bags and disposing of the plant material in one of the following ways:
 - Trash pickup;
 - Discarding;
 - Open burning;
 - Incineration; or
 - Burial of infested nursery.

Annual Inspection and Maintenance Reporting Form for

Jennesstown Manor Warner, New Hampshire

Date:	
To: Peacock Hill Road, LLC	
Re: Certification of Inspection and	d Maintenance; Submittal of Forms
Property Name:	
Property Address:	
Contact Name:	
Contact Phone #:	
Contact Email Address:	
have been completed in accordance associated with the above referenced p	cility inspections and required maintenance with the <u>Operation & Maintenance Plan</u> property. Maintenance Plan Checklist is attached to
Name of Party Responsible for Inspect & Maintenance	Property Owner
Authorized Signature	Signature

Catch Basins & Closed Drainage	Reason for Inspection		
Network	Spring ☐ Fall/Yearly ☐ After Major Storm ☐		
Maintenance Required? Corrective Action Needed & Notes:	Yes 🗆 No 🗆		
Photo:			
Outlet Protection	Reason for Inspection		
	Spring		
Maintenance Required? Corrective Action Needed & Notes:	Yes □ No □		
General	Reason for Inspection		
	Spring		
Maintenance Required? Corrective Action Needed & Notes:	Yes 🗆 No 🗅		

The second secon

III. Control of Invasive Plants

Invasive plants are introduced, alien, or non-native plants, which have been moved by people from their native habitat to a new area. Some Exotic plants are imported for human use such as landscaping, erosion control, or food crops. They also can arrive as "hitchhikers" among shipments of other plants, seeds, packing materials, or fresh produce. Some exotic plants become invasive and cause harm by:

- becoming weedy and overgrown;
- killing established shade trees;
- obstructing pipes and drainage systems;
- forming dense beds in water;
- lowering water levels in lakes, streams, and wetlands;
- destroying natural communities;
- promoting erosion on stream banks and hillsides; and
- resisting control except by hazardous chemical.

During maintenance activities, check for the presence of invasive plants and suitably remove according to the methods provided in the table below. The following table, based on the "Control of Invasive Plants" published by the New Hampshire Department of Agriculture, describes the most common invasive plants in this region and proper methods of disposal.

Invasive Shrubs (continued)				
Multiflora Rose	- Formerly recommended for erosion control, hedges, and wildlife habitat - Covered in white flowers in June - Very hard, curved thoms - Fringed edge to leaf stalk	- Huge shrub that chokes out all other vegetation - Too dense for most birds to nest in - Grows up trees like a vine in Shade	 Pull seedlings and small or shallow-rooted plants when soil is moist. Dig out larger plants, including the root systems (at least 6" from the crown and 6" down). Use a forked spade or weed wrench for trees or shrubs. Controlled burning* (on extensive infestations) Cut stem/ cut stump with glyphosate. Follow label directions for cut stump application. Clip off sucker sprouts or paint with glyphosate.* Foliar spray** (mix Rodeo with extra sticker-spreader, or use Roundup Sure Shot Foam on small plants) Herbicide may be applied in winter when other plants are dormant. 	
Bush Honeysuckles	- Includes Belle, Amur, Morrow's, and Tatarian Honeysuckle	- Creates dense shade reducing plant diversity and eliminating nest sites in forest interior spaces	- Deadhead to prevent spread of seeds (on ornamentals). Cut off seeds or fruits before they ripen. Bag and burn, or send to a tandfill. - Pull seedlings and small or shallow-rooted plants when soil is moist. Dig out larger plants, including the root systems. Use a forked spade or weed wrench for trees or shrubs. - Mow or cutting at least 4 times a season to deplete plants' store of nutrients and carbohydrates, reduce seed formation, and kill or minimize spread of plants. If necessary, repeat each year (on shady sites only, brush cut in early spring and fall). - Controlled burning4 (during growing season) - Cut down the tree. Grind out the stump, or clip off re-growth. - Cut stem/ cut stump with Glyphosate (late in the growing season). Follow label directions for cut stump application. Clip off sucker sprouts or paint with glyphosate.*	

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Invasive Woody Vines			
Japanese Honeysuckle	- Gold and White flowers - Heavy scent and sweet nectar in June	- Shade shrubs and young trees of the forest understory, eventually killing them, and changing the open structure of the forest into a dense tangle - Rampant grower - Spirals around trees, often strangling them	 Pull seedlings and small or shallow-rooted plants when soil is moist. Dig out larger plants, including the root systems. Use a forked spade or weed wrench for trees or shrubs. Mow or cutting at least 4 times a season to deplete plants' store of nutrients and carbohydrates, reduce seed formation, and kill or minimize spread of plants. If necessary, repeat each year. Cut stem/ cut stump with Glyphosate. Follow label directions for cut stump application. Clip off sucker sprouts or paint with glyphosate.* Foliar spray^{3*} (fall or early spring when native vegetation is dormant) Plan to re-treat repeatedly
Oriental Bittersweet	- Bright orange seed capsules in clusters all along the stem - Flowers	- Shade shrubs and young trees of the forest understory, eventually killing them, and changing the open structure of the forest into a dense tangle	- Pull seedlings and small or shallow-rooted plants when soil is moist. Dig out larger plants, including the root systems. Use a forked spade or weed wrench for trees or shrubs. - Keep ornamental plants cut back, remove all fruits as soon as they open, and bag or burn fruits. - Cut stern/ cut stump with Garlon 3a. Follow label directions for cut stump application. Clip off sucker sprouts or paint with Garlon 3a.*
Japanese Knotweed, Mexican Bamboo	- The stems have knotty joints, similar to bamboo - Grows 6-10' tall - Large, pointed oval or triangular leaves	- Shade shrubs and young trees of the forest understory, eventually killing them, and changing the open structure of the forest into a dense tangle - Can grow in shade	- Cut stem/ cut stump with Glyphosate (at least 3 times each during growing season). Follow label directions for cut stump application. Clip off sucker sprouts or paint with glyphosate." - Foliar spraya" - Treat with Rodeo - In gardens, heavy mulch or dense shade may kill it.

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Invasive Herbaceous Plants (continued)			
Mile-A-Minute Vīne, Devil's Tail Tearthumb	- Triangular leaves - Barbed stems - Turquoise berries	- Rapid growth - Quickly covers and shades out herbaceous plants	- Pull seedlings and small or shallow-rooted plants when soil is moist (pulled easily in early to midsummer). Dig out larger plants, including root systems. Use a forked spade or weed wrench for trees or shrubs. Be sure to pull before it goes to seed. If seeds have formed, bag and burn or send to a landfill. - Mow or cutting at least 4 times a season to deplete plants' store of nutrients and carbohydrates, reduce seed formation, and kill or minimize spread of plants. If necessary, repeat each year. Mowing weekly or when it has just begun to flower may prevent it from setting seed. - Foliar spray¹* (use glyphosate or herbicidal soap on large infestations. - Use a corn-based pre-emergence herbicide on annual weeds (spring). This product is also an organic fertilizer, i.e., it can stimulate growth of existing plants, including weeds, so it is appropriate for lawns and gardens but may not be appropriate in woodlands.
Spotted Knapweed	- Thistle-like flowers	- Dense, crowds out native species	 Do not pull unless the plant is young and the ground is very soft. The root will break and produce several new plants. Wear sturdy gloves Deadhead to prevent spread of seeds. Cut off seeds or fruits before they ripen. Bag and burn, or send to a landfili. In lawns, spot treat with broad-leaf weed killer. Good lawn care practices (test soil; use lime and fertilizer only when soil test shows a need; mow high and frequently; leave clippings on lawn) reduce weed infestations. Cut stem/ cut stump with Glyphosate. Follow label directions for cut stump application. Clip off sucker sprouts or paint with glyphosate. Foliar spray3*

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24. PLANS

PRE-DEVELOPMENT DRAIN AREAS PLAN (11"x17" - COLORLESS)
POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAIN AREAS PLAN (11"x17" - COLORLESS)
PRE-DEVELOPMENT SOILS MAP (11"x17" - COLOR)
POST-DEVELOPMENT SOILS MAP (11"x17" - COLOR)
PRE-DEVELOPMENT DRAIN AREAS PLAN (22"x34" - COLORLESS)
POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAIN AREAS PLAN (22"x34" - COLORLESS)
NON-RESIDENTIAL SITE PLAN SET (22" x 34" - COLORLESS)

